ESTABLISHED 1818.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,256—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1894.

PRICE 8 ANNAS

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THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
CONTAINING
the Special Time and Fair Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Places of interest along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, the Routes between the Principal Towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
P.&O. ORIENTAL	5982	12000	L. Moult	29th Dec.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	5th Jan.
P.M. CALEDONIA	7358	2750	W. R. Andrews	12th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	19th "
P.&O. PENINSULAR	5982	12000	R. F. Briscoe	26th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Feb.
P.&O. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	9th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	16th "
P.&O. CARTHAGE	5280	1000	M. de Horne	23rd "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Mar.
P.&O. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. J. Nantes	9th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	16th "
P.M. CALEDONIA	7358	2750	W. B. Andrews	23rd "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	30th "
P.&O. ORIENTAL	5128	1000	L. Moult	6th April.
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	13th "

TUESDAY, 3 P.M.

Ex.M. PENINSULAR	5132	1200	R. F. Briscoe	16th April.

SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

P.&O. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	20th April.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	27th "
P.M. CALEDONIA	7358	2750	W. R. Andrews	4th May
† CLYDE	4136	800	H. T. Weighell	11th "
P.&O. GANGES	4256	800	T. Creery	18th "

FRIDAY, 5 P.M.

† THAMES	4113	800	W. A Seaton	24th May
P.&O. CARTHAGE	5280	1000	M. de Horne	31st "

The Steamer marked Ex. M. is a special through steamer to London calling at Marseilles.

The Steamers marked P.&O. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.

The Steamers marked P. M. proceed to Brindisi and Marseilles only; Not taking Passengers for London by Long Sea route.

The steamer marked B.M.I. proceeds to Brindisi, Marseilles and London.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the Afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at Noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only Hand Packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, forwarding H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia transhipat Colombo:—

ROSETTA, 27th Dec.	KAISER-I-HIND, 10th Jan.
ROHILLA, 24th January	RAVENNA, 7th February.

In addition to the above, CARGO STEAMERS leave for China and Japan at frequent intervals, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 12th Nov., 1894.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Rechtsteiner	4,119	750	1st Jan. '95
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st Feb. '95

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE Or BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 326	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 8th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	A. Feliner	3,878	650	9th Jan. '95
MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	G. Wallnschnig	1,409	350	9th Feb. "

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
To TRIESTE Or VENICE	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 580	Rs. 374
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1000	Rs. 626

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

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STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
VINDOBONA	P. Morea	1,353	350	21st Jan. '95

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. POLLUCE to Madras, and Calcutta.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
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Sassoon House, 60, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Dec. 24th, 1894.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA Calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE.

S. S. R. RUBATTINO ..... 9th January, 1895.

Rates to Naples, Genoa, Brindisi or Venice:—

1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Rs. 500.	Rs. 335.	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO THE ABOVE PORTS:—1st class, Strictly within three Months, Rs. 750; six Months, Rs. 900; nine Months, Rs. 925; and twelve Months, Rs. 950.

Passengers have the Option of going *via* Venice and Returning *via* Genoa or vice versa, and can Break their Journey at any Port, resuming it by Subsequent Steamers of Bombay or other weekly and daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to London on Application.

BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 8th of each month.

For Freights and Passage, &c., Apply to

E. C. BARBORO,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 21, 1894.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 11th January, 1895, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connexion with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for four, six and twelve months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued including Railway Fares from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder, at 1 P.M., on the Day of SAILING to convey Passengers on Board the Steamer.

A. SIMEON, Agent.
Old Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road.

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BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION, FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India, to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

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SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe *via* China and America.

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The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every Morning to Survey Damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be made before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed.

No Claims will be admitted after the Vessel has left the Port, and after removal of the Goods from the Landing Shed.

TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.
66, Elphinstone Circle, 21st December, 1894.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,694 tons, on the 29th December, at 2 p.m., or thereafter, on arrival of Incoming English Mail Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,694 tons, on the 25th Decr. at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* PORBUNDER AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on the 29th December, at 10 a. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on the 27th Decr. at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Bosreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 1,982 tons, on the 27th Decr. calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on the 17th January, calling at Aden, Mombassa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 24th December, 1894. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

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SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

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MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY, beg to intimate that their HAND-BOOK, containing full particulars of the various Steamship Companies' arrangements for the Homeward Passenger Season, 1894-95, is now in course of distribution; and intending Passengers who may not have received Copies are invited to apply either to Bombay or to Calcutta, when the omission will be at once Rectified.

No charge is made for Arranging and Booking Passages, and Special Attention is given to securing the best possible Accommodation, and congenial companionship when a Cabin has to be shared.

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One new Double-seated circular-fronted side-light BROUGHAM, with Rubber Tyres, suitable for one or Pair, by Watson, of Lowestoft.

One new office SHIGRAM, well finished.

One new four-in-hand DRAG (Brake), suitable for a Pair or a team, neatly finished.

Second-hand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS, and BROUGHAMS, by other well-known Makers.

HOUSES furnished with Latest Style neat Furniture.

FURNITURE of the Latest Designs for SALE or HIRE.

A Fresh Consignment of Best Real Mocca Coffee in Bags of 7 lbs. Price, Rs. 7 per Bag.

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A regular Monthly Pension secured to mother sister, wife, children, or other near relatives.

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HARRISON & CO.'S

MPERIAL MODEL.

HEIGHT, 4 ft. 3½ in. WIDTH, 4 ft. 7 in

This Piano is specially suited for India.

PRICE: £25, Net Cash,

Usual shop price, £40.

Burr Walnut, Rosewood or Ebonized, Iron Frame, Full Trichord, Check Action, Three Compartment Top Door, with Burr Mouldings and Marqueterie Panels incised and gilded, Mouldings on Lockboard and Cheeks, Ivory Keys, Brass Pedals, Sconces.

THIS IS THE CHEAPEST & BEST PIANO IN THE TRADE

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FRESH PASTRY EVERY DAY.

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WE have just Unpacked a very Large Selection of CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S CARDS, consisting of all New and Novel Designs. The prices are moderately marked so as to clear off the Heavy Stock of this year.

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THE LARGEST CYCLE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD.
The ONLY Firm of ENGLISH CYCLE MANUFACTURERS who have obtained Three Distinct Awards at the WORLD'S FAIR, CHICAGO, 1893, for BICYCLES, TRICYCLES, HELICAL TUBE.
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Of the Newest Patterns.
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Of Perfectly Balance Strength.
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THE CHEAPEST AND BEST BUILT CYCLES IN INDIA.
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Per doz	Rs. 26 0	Rs.	29 0
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Per gallon	„ 13 4	„	14 12
	Cash.		Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 35 0	Rs.	39 0
Per gallon	„ 16 12	„	18 12
	Cash.		Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 26 0	Rs.	29 0
Per gallon	„ 12 4	„	13 12

A still Further Reduction if taken in 8-gallon Casks.

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PERFECTION OF FIT.
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RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

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FRIENDS in England should not be Forgotten at any Season of the year, much less at Christmastide.

What more Welcome Present could be thought of than a Hamper of

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Only One Inch Thick When Closed.
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The most Useful Field Glass in Existence.
The Most Useful Companion one can Possess.
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H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF NAPLES,
AND, BY SPECIAL CHARTER,
SOLE PURVEYORS TO THE ITALIAN REGIE.

IN consequence of the increase of our Export Trade with the further East, and in order to release our Customers of the troubles and expenses in getting their supplies from Egypt, we have decided to OPEN an AGENCY in INDIA and appoint

MR. D. MACROPOLO,
of BOMBAY and CALCUTTA, Sole Agent

For the SALE of our famous CIGARETTES. In placing before our numerous friends the Specialities of our Cigarettes, we would call their attention to the fact, that they are prepared from the finest Turkish Tobacco, specially to keep in hot climates, under the direct supervision of an Expert of 30 YEARS' experience of the Indian climate, while their qualities and delicate flavours are too well-known and appreciated to need special remark.

In thanking our Constituents and the Public in general for their generous and candid support, we beg to request that in future they should address their kind orders direct to Mr. D. MACROPOLO, Bombay or Calcutta.

C. N. TOCOS & CO.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO
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MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

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The Highest Awards given for Biscuits to any English House have been made to HUNTLEY AND PALMERS "for Excellence of Quality" at all the leading International Exhibitions.

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BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS.
READING AND LONDON.

SODA WATER MACHINERY AND ALL APPLIANCES UNEQUALLED FOR RELIABLE & ECONOMICAL WORKING.

RATBY & HINCHLIFFE, LTD.,
ANCOATS, MANCHESTER; 146, MINORIES, LONDON; AND 91, ROBERTSON STREET, GLASGOW.
Catalogues and full particulars on application to their Agents:
Messrs. LEIGHTON & Co., MADRAS. MR. F. W. SHALLIS, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY, 25TH DEC.,
NO PERFORMANCE.

LONDON LYRIC COMPANY.

25—ARTISTS—25

Manager ..... Mr. SAVILLE SMITH.
Stage Manager ..... " T. TERRIER.
Musical Conductor ..... " G. TRIMNELL.
Machanist ..... " GEORGE SEWELL.
Property Master ..... " W. DURANT.

GIGANTIC PRODUCTION !!!

GRAND CHRISTMAS BILL.
BOXING NIGHT,
TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, 26TH DEC.,
AND
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 27TH & 28TH DEC.,
(FIRST TIME IN INDIA).

G. R. Sims' Romantic Spectacular and Sensational Drama, in 5 Acts,

"THE ROMANY RYE."

Owing to the length of pieces, &c., Sharp.
The Performance will Commence 9 o'clock.
120 PERSONS USED IN THIS GREAT PRODUCTION.

CAST OF CHARACTERS:

Jack Herne, the "Romany Rye" ..... Mr. D. L. Harding.
Rose Kolvert ..... Mr. D. C. Smith.
Philip Royston ..... Mr. George Maistr.
Joe Hechster ..... Mr. Thomas Verner.
Edward Marsden ..... Mr. J. F. Millar.
Goliah Lee ..... Mr. E. Fergusson.
Black Nathan ..... Mr. Rose.
Dinghy Lee ..... Master Jackson.
Sol Lee ..... Mr. George.
Jades Duck ..... Mr. C. Carey.
Boreager ..... Mr. C. George.
Ginger Bill ..... Mr. W. Durant.
Captain David of the Tug "Rescue" ..... Mr. G. Johnston.
Detective ..... Mr. Willoughby.
Officer of Steamer ..... Mr. H. L. Friend.
Policeman ..... Mr. Bilby.
Constable ..... Mr. W. MacIntosh.
Gertie Hechest ..... Miss Stella Leigh.
Queenie, a Gipsy ..... Miss F. Trego.
Kloosi Lee ..... Mr. J. F. Brian.
Mother Shipton ..... Mrs. S. Barker.
Miss Adrian ..... Miss Belle Brian.
Lura Lee ..... Miss Marie Brian.
Jessie ..... Miss Clinton.

GYPSIES,
SAILORS,
POLICEMEN, Etc.

SYNOPSIS OF SCENERY AND INCIDENTS;

ACT I.—THE ROBBERY.
Scene I.—The Gipsy Encampment.
" II.—Craig's Nest.
" ACT II.—THE ATTEMPTED ABDUCTION.
Scene I.—Marsden's Office.
" II.—Little Queer Street, St. Giles'.
" ACT III.—THE RESCUE.
Scene I.—On the Hampton Road.
" II.—Race Course.
" ACT IV.—LURED TO THE TOILS.
Scene I.—Marsden's Office.
" II.—Deck of the Saratoga.
" III.—Black Croft, Ratcliffe Highway.
THE ATTEMPTED MURDER—SAVED.
Scene IV.—Cellar in the Black Croft.
" V.—The River Thames.
Scene I.—The Golden Grapes Inn.
" II.—At Falmouth.
" III.—Wreck of the Saratoga.

Special Scenery painted and Mechanical effects by Mr. George Sewell and Assistants. The whole produced under the direction of Mr. Thomas Verner.

SATURDAY, 29TH DECEMBER,
Another New Production
FIRST TIME IN INDIA.
PINERO'S Screaming Farcical Comedy, in 3 Acts,
"THE SCHOOLMISTRESS."

PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Front Seats, Rs. 2; Second Seats, Re. 1; Back, Re. 1. Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half-Price to Second and Back Seats.
Doors Open 8-30. Commence 9, sharp.
Box Office at MITCHELL & Co., Medows Street.
EDWIN FERGUSSON ..... Business Manager.

ORPHEAN DRAMATIC CLUB.

Under the Patronage and in the Presence of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
"EMPEROR JEHANGIR,"
7TH and 10TH JANUARY, 1895.
BOOKING OFFICE:—Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

THE BOMBAY MASONIC BALL

Will take place
On FRIDAY, 18TH JANUARY, 1895.
J. F. PENNOCK,
Hony. Secy. and Treasurer.

SHIPPERS and Consignees of Cargo per Italian Steamer R. RUBATTINO, Captain G. PARODI, are informed of her Arrival from Genoa on the 24th inst., and that she is LOADING and DISCHARGING in VICTORIA DOCK, and all Claims for Short-delivery, &c., must be sent in before the DEPARTURE of the STEAMER, otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.
C. BARBORO,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, 24th December, 1894.

APOLLO BUNDER, REFRESHMENT ROOMS.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT will be CLOSED TO-DAY (XMAS), from 12 Noon till 5-30 P.M. and at 8-30.—No ORDERS for DINNERS TAKEN after 7-30.
W. B. GREEN & Co.

SAVARESSE'S SANDAL CAPSULES.

ALSO COPAIBA.—Prescribed by Doctors, because, not being made of Gelatine, there is no Stomach disturbance.
Sold by all First Class Chemists in India.

NOTICE.

THE following SALES by PUBLIC AUCTION, for the 12 months, commencing from 1st April, 1895, will be held at the Office of, and before, the Huzur Deputy Collector of Kolaba, on the 5th February, 1895.

1. FERRY-FARM in the Kolaba Collectorate.
2. Right of COLLECTING ROAD-TOLLS in the Kolaba Collectorate.
3. Rights of removing Earth, Sand, Stone and Pearl Shells from all the Creeks of the Kolaba Collectorate.

For further particulars application should be made to the Undersigned.

V. W. SHIKHARE,
Huzur Deputy Collector and Vice-President,
District Local Fund Committee.
Alibag, December 22nd, 1894.

MADRAS RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR PRINTED FORMS AND BOOKS.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive Tenders for the SUPPLY of PRINTED FORMS and BOOKS, for Three Years, from 1st July, 1895.

Schedule of PROBABLE requirements, Specimen Forms, and Samples of Paper to be used for the Forms and Books can be had on Application to the General Storekeeper, at Rayapuram, Madras. Rates should be entered in the Schedules, and should include all Charges. Rates for Printed Forms to be bound into Books must include Material and Binding Charges.

Tenders, endorsed "Tender for the Supply of Printed Forms and Books," should be sent in not later than Noon, on THURSDAY, the 7th February, 1895, accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 200, which will be returned to unsuccessful Tenderers. The successful Tenderer will be required to Deposit a Security of Rs. 2,000, and to enter into an Agreement, paying the Cost of the Stamp for the same.

Further information, if required, may be obtained of the General Storekeeper.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE IRON RAILS, FISH PLATES AND BOLTS.

TENDERS will be received upto 31st January next, for the purchase of 800 Tons of Double-headed IRON RAILS, 600 Tons of RAIL PIECES, 108 Tons of old FISH PLATES and 18½ Tons of old FISH BOLTS. Tenders should be for Lots of not less than 10 Tons. Further information as to the Rails, &c., also as to the Deposit and Security required, will be furnished on application to the Chief Engineer, Rayapuram, Madras.

LOUIS S. MOSS,
Agent and Manager.
Rayapuram, 22nd December, 1894.

KHAKEE DRILL.

FAST DYED KHAKEE DRILL, both yarn and piece-dyed, is now available at the ELGIN MILLS, Cawnpore, in both large and small quantities. Regiments and large buyers liberally dealt with.

SAMPLES FREE ON APPLICATION.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON AT THE NEW GREAT EASTERN MILLS, CHINCHPOOGLY.

TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the New Great Eastern Mills, Chinchpoogly, by order of the adjuster and on account of the concerned.

A quantity of cotton damaged by fire and water.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, December 22, 1894.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE of Landed Property at Parbhadevi Road.

On SUNDAY, the 30th of December, 1894, at 4 p.m., Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Mr. Bhaskar Sadoba, one of the Sons of Sadoba Gopalji, deceased, and in pursuance of the terms of an "award," dated the 12th of August, 1894, made by the umpire named in an agreement of reference made between the said Bhaskar Sadoba of the one part and his brother Pandurang Sadoba, of the other part.

All that piece of Farasdari ground, together with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the southern side of the Parbhadevi Road leading to Worli, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring about 200 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under Ward No. 2827 and Street No. 423 and standing on the name of the said Bhaskar Sadoba in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes, and bounded on the east, west, north and south by the cart of Municipal Bandsjee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, December 21, 1894.

CHRISTMAS HAMPERS.

No. I. Six Bottles ..... Rs. 24
No. II. do. ..... " 16
No. III. Twelve Bottles ..... " 40
CASH or by V.P.P. No Booking.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
AND BEYNON & Co., Esplanade.

NOTICES.

ESPLANADE PENDAL TICKETS for the COMING CRICKET MATCHES (25th to 31st Dec., 1894), may be had from J. E. MODY, Old Fort Police Court, Horaby Row. Season Ticket for One Chair, Rs. 5; Stenched for 5 Seats, Rs. 10. Occasional Seats, Re. 1 per Chair, and Annas 8 per Seat on Benches.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, the 24th, 25th, and 26th instant, and on MONDAY, the 31st instant, and TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 1st and 2nd proximo, these being Public Holidays under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 15th December, 1894.

NOTICE.

NO CHAIRS nor BENCHES will be ALLOWED to be placed on the ESPLANADE PARADE GROUND, on the occasion of the forthcoming MATCHES during the Christmas Holidays.

S. REBSCH, A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency,
Bombay 20th December, 1894.

BRITISH INDIA S. NAV. COMPANY, LD.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.

FIRST CLASS Return Tickets between Bombay and Kurrachee will be issued at the specially REDUCED RATES of Rupees SIXTY for the CHRISTMAS Holidays.

Steamers leave Bombay every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, arriving in Kurrachee on Friday, Saturday and Monday. Return Steamers leave Kurrachee every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving in Bombay on Thursday, Saturday and Tuesday.

For further particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Bombay.
AND
McIVER MACKENZIE & Co., Kurrachee.
Bombay, 1st December, 1894.

NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT OF H. H. THE MAHARAJAH OF MYSORE.
WATER SUPPLY WORKS.

THE TIME fixed for receiving Tenders in Chief Engineer's Office, Mysore, P. W. Department, Bangalore, for the Supply of Pipes, Valves, &c., required for the Mysore and Bangalore Water Supply Works, is hereby EXTENDED to THURSDAY, the 31st January, 1895, on which Date, at 4 O'clock P.M., they will be Opened. The Tenders will be Finally Disposed of on the 15th February, 1895.

C. BOWEN, COLONEL,
Chief Engineer of Mysore, P. W. D.
Bangalore, 8th December, 1894.

RUTLAM OOJEIN RAILWAY.

(5'-6" GAUGE.)
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Construction of this Line will be COMMENCED AT ONCE. Contractors desirous of taking up work on the Schedule of Rates system, or of Supplying Materials, should without delay make application to the Ex'Engineer, Rutlam, from whom all information, specifications and form of Tender will be, obtainable. A quantity of Brick and Stone are required. Earthwork and Minor Bridges will start at once. Tender for larger Bridges, &c., to be submitted to this Office of the Agent, B. B. and C. I. Railway, Bombay, by 20th January, 1895.

H. D. OLIVER, MAJOR R.E.,
Agent.
Agent's Office, Bombay, 21st December, 1894.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL.

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE, ESPLANADE, BOMBAY.
(ESTABLISHED 1890.)

THE only School with a Principal who is the 1st "Honors" Diplomated Teacher of Shorthand of the N. P. Society of London in Bombay.

DON'T FAIL to Read the Prospectus of this Shorthand School for 1895, now ready, together with Forms of Application, at the College, or at Messrs. NORMAN and Co., Booksellers, Church Gate Street, Bombay. Important new features both to Ladies and Gentlemen. All Applications for the 1895 Session should reach the PRINCIPAL of the Shorthand School before the 3rd January, 1895.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE AT PESHAWAR.

In the Matter of the Insolvency of JEHANGIR and Co., at Peshawar, and other places.

THE Subjoined Notice in this Case is given to the Creditors, who are informed that, if there is no Objection to the Proposal on their part by the 7th January, 1895, the Reduction quoted will be allowed Debtors in the hope that Outstandings will be Realized at an earlier date than now seems possible.

NOTICE.

The Debts due to this Firm are considerable. As difficulty and delay is experienced in their Realization, the Court offers Debtors the Chance of Paying their Debts to the said Firm by the 15th February, 1895, less One-third the amount due.

If advantage is not taken of this Offer in the time allowed, Recusant Debtors will be Sued without prejudice to this Notice.

W. B. DE COURCY,
District Judge.
Peshawar, 7th December, 1894.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 606 OF 1893.

VANDRAWANDAS VRIZLAL, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing in House No. 51, Koomaleswarkrishna, without the Fort, in the City of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

VERSUS.

AGA AHMEDALLY KHAN, of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Parsi Road, Bhendy Bazar, without the Fort, in the City of Bombay ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit, and bearing date the Thirtieth of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-four, the following Immovable Properties will be SOLD in Two Lots, by PUBLIC AUCTION, before G. H. FARRAN, Esq., the Commissioner of this Honorable Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-third Day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-five, at the hour of Three o'clock in the Afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate-right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff and Defendant in the Two Several Properties hereinafter described, that is to say:—

LOT No. 1.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the Western side of Islampura Street, outside the Fort, in the City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and sixty-seven square yards and seven-ninths of another square yard, or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 395-396, New No. 7692, old Survey Nos. 573-574, and New survey No. 5344, and assessed by the Assessor of Bombay Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 2831, Street Nos. 42, 44, 46 and 48.

LOT. No. 2.—All that piece or parcel of Farsi land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the Southern side of Elphinstone Road, in the City of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by Admeasurement one hundred and six yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under old Nos. 50, 52, 55, 78 and 197, New No. A-1193, old Survey No. , and New Survey Nos. 24-2636 and 2-2635, assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 2494 (1), Street No. 5.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner, or at the Office of Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 83, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 19th Day of December, 1894.

G. H. FARRAN,
Commissioner.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY (Limited).

[ESTABLISHED IN 1871.]

Registered on the 21st March, 1871, under Act X. of 1866.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(who must also be Policy-Holders):—

D. GOSTLING, Esq., Architect, Chairman.
Dr. ATMARAM PANDURANG, G.G.M.C., Medical Practitioner.
FRAMROZ RUSTOMJI JOSHI, Esq., Superintendent, Government Central Press.
ALLAN F. TURNER, Esq., Solicitor, High Court, and Corporation of Bombay.
FRANK A. SPENCER, Esq., Assistant Secretary to Government, Political Department.
J. F. VAZ, Esq., late Superintendent, Military Department, Secretariat.
MEDICAL REFERREES:—Surg-Major ANDERSON, The Parsee, Byculla.

BANKERS: THE BANK OF BOMBAY.
OFFICE:—3, CHURCH GATE STREET.

FUNDS Invested solely in Government of India Securities, Bombay Port Trust, and Municipal Bonds.

THE Society was started in the year 1871 by seven subscribers, who paid One Rupee each, i.e., a Capital of Seven Rupees. By careful and economical management the

CAPITAL, accumulated from Premia, now amounts to	Rs. 3,28,500
CLAIMS PAID	1,41,000
ANNUAL PREMIUM INCOME	26,856
NUMBER OF POLICIES ISSUED	415
NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE	344
ASSURING	6,32,500

Although the number of members is small, the Accumulated Funds as compared with the Liabilities are unusually large, being larger in this respect than those of any other Indian Office. These Funds in which new members share in proportion to their payments belong entirely to the Policyholders.

RATES as Low as those of any other company.

MANAGEMENT entirely controlled by Policy-holders, in whom it is vested by the Articles of Association.

PROFITS not divested to Shareholders, but retained for the benefit of the Policy-holders.

POLICIES taken out for the Whole Term of Life, but payments of Premia limited to EXPECTATION OF LIFE.

SHORT TERM POLICIES issued on the most Advantageous Terms.

LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE given.

Full Particulars and Forms for taking out Policies may be obtained from

F. L. McAFEE, B.A.,
Secretary.
3, Church Gate Street, 1st September, 1894.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks, Refined and Comfortable Home and good Library. Special attention paid to the Daughters of Native Gentlemen, and to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "C. P.," Advertising Dept. "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by local Absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, postfree, upon application. The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 49½, High Holborn, LONDON.

HAND-BOOK OF GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants and other Guaranteed Rights with an Introductory Account of the Settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.
The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.
PRICE ..... Rs. 6.
Packing and Postage extra.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 220 Military Messes and 67 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
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POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
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J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes, N. B.
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Jos. DIETZL.	Budapest.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jeres.
O. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN & Co.	Stockholm.
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T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

Price List on Application to
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

DUC DE MONTEBELLO CHAMPAGNE CREMANT.
CUVEE EXTRA—MAXIMUM—SEC.
As supplied to many Messes and Clubs.
Rs. 38 per doz. qts. and Rs. 20 per doz. pts., nett cash.
B. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS COGNAC BRANDY.

AGED AND MATURED IN WOOD.
LAFAYETTE & Co.'s WIRE BRAND.

	Per doz
BLACK CAPSULE OLD CLUB, "20 Years Old."	Rs. a.
Guaranteed	50 0
WHITE CAPSULES (Four Diamonds) Very Choice	40 0
GREEN (Three Diamonds) Extra Soft Old Pale	36 0
BLUE (Two Diamonds) Very Soft Old Pale	32 0
YELLOW (One Diamond) Soft Old Pale	28 0

Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and Traders.
R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
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THE HIMALAYA SEED STORES,

MUSSOORIE, N.-W. P.,
(MANAGER:—W. W. JOHNSTONE)

Can now Supply
VEGETABLE
AND
FLOWER SEEDS

from their New Stocks. We hold, by far, the Largest Stock of RELIABLE Seeds in India, and before indenting elsewhere, would ask intending Purchasers to compare our Prices with those of other Firms. Notwithstanding the enormous Fall in Exchange and the recently imposed 5 per cent. Import Duty, we have made No ADVANCE on the Prices in our

1893—94 CATALOGUE

(*free* on Application, postage As. 2), as we feel sure greatly increased business will soon compensate for the loss of a great part of our profits

VEGETABLE SEEDS IN COLLECTIONS,
at Rs. 5-8; 8-8; 12-8; 20-0; and 50-0.
FLOWER SEEDS IN COLLECTIONS,
at Rs. 2-0; 3-0; 4-8; 5-8; and 10-0.

All Collections CARRIAGE and PACKING *free*.

Our NOVELTIES in Vegetables are Unsurpassed, and all intending Exhibitors should have a good selection of them to ensure their winning prizes.

TRY!—Mussoorie Prize Cauliflower, Re. 1-4 packet.
The Pearl Cauliflower, Re. 1-4 packet.
Early King Cabbage, As. 12 packet.
Christmas Drumhead Cabbage, As. 8 packet.
Johnstone's Champion White Celery, a grand Variety, Solid, rich nutty flavour, and stands Heat remarkably well, per packet Re. 1.
Chemin Rouge Tomate, Re. 1 packet.
The Stanley Pea, Re. 1 packet.

To be thoroughly successful with your Garden, you should Sow our Seeds, and *read*

"PRACTICAL GARDENING FOR INDIAN AMATEURS,"

in which you will find everything to Aid you in the Cultivation of your Vegetables, Flowers, and Bulbs.

The Work comprises nearly 400 pages, and contains Fullest Information for Sowing, &c., on Hills and Plains, including Calendar of monthly operations.

Cloth Boards, Gilt lettering, Rs. 5.
Limp Paper Cover only a few Copies left), Rs. 3-8

GOLD AND SILVER THREADS.

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BRAIDS, CORDS,
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BULLIONS of every Description for Embroidering,
RUBY HOLES for Wire-drawing.

BENTON & JOHNSON,
63, King's Cross Road,
LONDON.

NOTES:
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
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Price, Re. 1. Postage half-anna
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 6,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	" 4,500,000
RESERVE FUND	" 3,820,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Kobe, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, and Shanghai.

BANKERS:—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK; The UNION BANK of LONDON; PARRS BANKING COMPANY; and The ALLIANCE BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY AGENCY:

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT, and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learned on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

M. TOSHIMA,
Agent.
Sindar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, 20th December, 1894.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	" 45,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	" 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

ALBERT DRAGON, Esq., (of Messrs. R. & A. Dragon).
E. F. HANGANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq. (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)

EWEN CAMERON, } Managers.
G. E. NOBLE, }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID £600,000

LONDON BANKERS.
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
GLYN MILLS, CURRIE AND COMPANY.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, SCOTLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND AND BRANCHES, IRELAND.
PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND AND BRANCHES.

BRANCHES:
At Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Agra, Lahore, Kurrachee, Edinburgh, Rangoon.

CORRESPONDENTS.

PARIS	The Credit Lyonnais.
SINGAPORE	Messrs. Boustead & Co.
PENANG	
HONGKONG	Messrs. Gilman & Co.
AUSTRALIA	Bank of Australasia and Branches.
COLOMBO	The Bank of Madras.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

ACCOUNTS CURRENT opened and Interest allowed when the Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS

received on Terms to be learnt on application.

HOME REMITTANCE DEPOSITS for family and other remittances to Europe in the Bank's own Bills and Interest at 3 per cent. allowed thereon pending remittance.

Circular Notes issued negotiable in all the principal Towns in Europe. Securities received in safe custody and Interest and Dividends realised thereon.

LOANS granted on Government Paper or other convertible Securities; and APPROVED Bills discounted.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

SYDNEY L. WYATT, Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

PARIS, 14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON, 52, Threadneedle St., E.C.
CAPITAL Frs. 75,000,000 (£3,000,000).

BRANCHES:—Lyons, Marseilles, Bordeaux, Havre, Nantes, Bombay, Calcutta, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Sydney, San Francisco, Chicago, Tamatave, and Tananarive.

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Current Accounts are kept and interest allowed at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances above Rs. 5,000.

Deposit Accounts are opened for fix Periods at rates to be obtained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper and other Stocks cashed for Customers without charge if remitted Home through the Bank.

P. RENAULT,
Acting Manager.
Bombay, Rampart Row, 18.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	" 1,109,875
PAID UP CAPITAL	£554,907 10s.

HEAD OFFICE, 65, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

BRANCHES & AGENCIES:

BOMBAY.	GALLE.
CALCUTTA.	SINGAPORE.
MADRAS.	HONGKONG.
COLOMBO.	SHANGHAI.
KANDY.	

Edinburgh Deposit Agency (129 George Street), Messrs. C. & D. Pearson, C. A., Agents.
Glasgow Deposit Agency (23, Renfield Street), Messrs. Hamilton & Baird, Agents.

The Bank Negotiates and Collects Bills and Grants Drafts Payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letter of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank Receives Deposits on the following Terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the Minimum Monthly Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 100,000. Sums over Rs. 100,000 will be received on Terms to be ascertained on Application.

FIXED DEPOSITS,

on which Interest is allowed as under, viz.:—

If fixed for Six Months	4 per cent. p. a.
Do. Twelve Months	4½ per cent. "
Do. Three or Five Years	5 per cent. "

Deposits are also received for Shorter Periods, the Rates for which can be ascertained on Application. The Bank will effect the Purchase or Sale of Indian or other Securities, receive Pay, Pension Dividends and Interest Free of Charge if the Moneys are remitted in its own Drafts. The Bank undertakes the safe Custody of Indian Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of Government and other Banks, &c., and receives Interest and Dividends on the same on the following Terms:—

If paid in India	Commission ¼ per cent
On Delivering up Government Paper or Shares from Safe Custody	" ¼ "
On Paying Proceeds of Sale of Government Paper or Shares in India	" ¼ "

R. KENNEDY,
Manager
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY and RAWALPINDI.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, RUPEES TEN LAKHS
CAPITAL CALLED UP ..... Rs. 10,00,000
ACCUMULATED RESERVES ... Rs. 6,99,685

BANKERS and AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMA, CEYLON and in LONDON, EDINBURGH, DUBLIN.
FIXED DEPOSITS—12 months, 5 per cent.; 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
PRUDENTIAL FUND—Terms may be ascertained on application.
STERLING DEPOSITS—4 per cent. per annum on Money awaiting remittal.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS—3 per cent. per annum on balances over Rs. 500 and not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on Approved Security.
FIRE and LIFE INSURANCE arranged.
Every Description of Banking Business Transacted.
Full information and Rules furnished on application
(By order of the Board)
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Bombay Office: Esplanade Road.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£275,000.
HEAD OFFICE:
MASON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 " " 3 " "
All Letters of Credit to be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to the CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

BANKS.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.

FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to three, six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at Rates to be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.

REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over.

Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed. Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Name	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Div'd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,312½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	200	all	10 pr. ct.	1,250
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,133
Commercial & Ld. Mge ...	(5,000	100	100½		155
	2,500	100	75	10	120
	3,000	100	50½		60
EXCHANGE BANKS.					100
Agra ...	100,000	250	all	5 pr. ct.	661
Charter Bank ...	40,000	420	420	7 pr. ct.	420
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	80,000	$125	all	£1	29
National Bank of India ...	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	250

PRESS COMPANIES

				Yearly	
Akbar ...	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,375
Albert Gimmie ...	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	457
Alpert (Kurrachee) ...	200	1,100	1,100	90	1,095
Bellary ...	167	1,000	1,000	Nil	235
Bho wanjee, Cky Press & Manfg Co.Ld	550	250	250	45	315
Bombay Cotton Broil's Cawnpore Press Co., Ld ...	1,000	125	125	12½	137½
Bombay Ch. Press Co., Ld ...	500	200	200	11	123
Broach Cloth Press Co., Ld ...	2000	200	200	12	185
Colaba ...	500	1,250	1,250	120	370
East India ...	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,230
English Press and Manfg ...	400	200	...	20	107½
Fort ...	150	8,500	500	80	1,270
French ...	200	500	500	25	405
Harvey and Sabapathy ...	450	450	300	30	420
Hingoli Press Co., Ld ...	700	100	100	12	115
Khangaum ...	240	450	450	30	400 x
Manava Press Co., Ld ...	200	200	all	15 pr. ct.	247½
Mashruphala Cotton G. and P. Co. Ld ...	300	500	500	53	126
Mercantile ...	1,000	125	125	10	95
Mofussil Co ...	3,125	400	400	Nil	375
Munmar & Co ...	1,000	250	all	15	215½
New Berar ...	1,200	500	500	25	342½
New Indian ...	4,000	125	125	11½	125
Prince of Wales ...	100	500	500	25	440
Sabapathy (Bellary) ...	500	500	76	20	480
Sassoon ...	300	500	500	20	585
Shd and Punjab Co ...	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,100
Shd ...	400	2,000	750	50	530
Sonah Woollen Mills ...	1,200	250	250	Nil	55
Surat City Press Co., Ld ...	37	200	all	10	200
Vihari ...	...	1,000	100	10	1,105

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Guar.	
I.P.R. Consolidated ...	—	£100	all	3 p. c.	240
Do. Bonds ...	—	£ 18	—	do.	
B.B. & C.I. R.					

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Alliance ...	1,200	1,000	all	30	635
Anglo-Indian ...	1,310	100	100	Nil	43
Bellary E & W Co. Ld. (Bellary) ...	871	500	all	9 per ct.	384
Bombay Union ...	200	1,000	1,000	20	725
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co ...	200	500	500	20	395
Bombay Na-tional Manfg. Co. Ld ...	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	150
Britannia Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	225
Central India ...	1,000	500	500	60	1,162
China Mills Co Ld ...	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	705
City of Bombay Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	25	870
Coimbatore S and W ...	1,000	100	100	...	110
Connaught Mills ...	600	500	500	25	610
Colaba Land & Mills ...	4,000	700	...	20	620
Coorla Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	25	960
David Mills ...	1,400	500	350	15	465
Dhun Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	300
Empress ...	2,100	500	500	25	1,075
Framjee Petit ...	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Hindustan ...	875	1,000	1,000	45	721
Hingangha Mills ...	700	300	300	40	660
Howard and Bulloogee ...	1,500	500	500	25	575
Hydershahi ...	700	1,000	1,000	35	1,000
Imperial Cotton ...	900	500	500	15	405
Indian Manfg. ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,350
James Greave ...	1,100	500	500	25	565
Jaffer Alli ...	600	500	500	Nil	565
Jamsetjee Manufacturing Co. ...	1,800	250	250	7½	160
Jeevraj Baloo ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	1000
Jubilee Mills Co. Ld ...	1000	1,000	1,000	20	200
Khandesh ...	750	1,500	1,000	Nil	630
Khangaum Manfg. Co ...	400	250	250	Nil	825
Khatao Mahoo Kunjee ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	775
Laxmi ...	3,500	100	100	10	170
Leopold ...	415	1,000	1,000	15	750
Lord Reay Mfg					
Lokmanya Spinning & Weaving Co ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	3½	937
Madras United ...	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,350
Mahalaxmee ...	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	325
Mahboob Shah Mills (G v l-langal ...	3,400	500	500	15 pr ct	153½
Manockjee Petit ...	4,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,884
Mazagon ...	5000	350	250	Nil	155
Morarji Gosuldas ...	1,050	1,000	1,000	60	2,010
Mubarak Mysore S & M Co ...	4,500	100	100	...	pa-
Madura Mills ...	7,779	100	100	Nil	
National ...	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	95
New Great Eastern ...	1,400	1,000	1,000	15 20	480
Oriental ...	5,725	623	623	Nil	480
Press Industry Mills Co (Ld)	743	1,000	1,000	40	1,313
Queen Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	685
Ripon Mills ...	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	1,000
Sassoon ...	1,500	1,500	1,000	50	1,350 x d
Shahapore Mills ...	500	1,000	1,000	...	1,020
Standerton ...	750	1,000	1,000	35	700
Southern India ...	1,000	500	500	15	165
Southern Mahratta ...	1,212	250	250	10	3 2½
Sun Mills ...	1,300	250	250	12½	210
Star of India ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	25
Swadeshi Mills ...	2475	500	500	15	905
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co. ...	900	1,000	1,000	50	553
Vasanji Khimker Lakhmishanker G Mill Co, Ld ...	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills ...	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	875
Western India ...	1,200	1,000	1,000	40	1,205
Wadia Mills ...	21,000	1,000	1,000	...	200
Unions Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	500

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Yearly	
Alcock Ashdown ...	1,750	100	100	10	75
Back Bay Baths ...	500	50	50	12	40
Badhan Pile ...	5,000	100	100	10	122
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation ...	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	5,250
Dr. New Imbombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld ...	500	375	625	75	1,312
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld ...	1,250	100	100	3	75
Bombay Flour Mill ...	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	63
Bombay Cotton Depot Co. ...	1,900	500	500	50	1,570
Bombay Ice Co. in Liquidation ...	1,170	100	100	Nil	50
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills ...	1,500	200	200	20	202
Dehli Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld ...	2,800	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	300
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn ...	5,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	17
John Roberts & Co ...	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	151
Kamp & Co ...	4,000	200	175	21	322
Kurrachee Landing ...	500	500	300	30	180
Maharanee Ice Manufactoring Co ...	3,500	100	100	Nil	10a
Mareks & Co., Ld ...	4,000	100	100	10	129
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental (Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	5,000	200		50 10 pr. ct.	16
Phillips & Co., Ld ...	4,000	100	100	7	100
Port Canning Co ...	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	475
Pinto & Co ...	250	$ 000	1,000	No dvd.	2,350
Wales Fire Insurance ...	1000	100	100	10	100
Swadeshi Manufacturing Co. ...	2,000	500	500	25	1,002½
Treasher & Co. ...	1,500	100	100	Nil	75
Thacker & Co. ...	9,700	25	100	7	220
Telephone Co ...					

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English gold ...	Rs.	29-8
Gold Leaf ...	"	28-10 Nominal
Pekin, Bar Gold, old ...	"	28-9 "
Do. do. new ...	"	28-6 "
Australia bar Gold ...	"	28-11
ombay, bar Gold ...	"	28-10
Sovereigns ...	"	18-5
Do. Discount ...	"	92
Silver 7 ...	"	92-4
Do. 17½ ...	"	200-0
Carriage ...	"	195-0
Assigan ...	"	195-0
Five-Franc Pieces ...	"	200-0

THE Committee of Management of the Henley Royal Regatta have just issued the annual report and balance-sheet of the 1894 regatta. It is satisfactory to find that the popular fixture was properly supported by the owners of houseboats, local residents, and the public generally. At the commencement of the year the Committee had a balance in hand of 168*l*. After adding 150*l*. worth of Consols to the reserve fund, there is at present a balance of 131*l*. 10s. in the hands of the Treasurer. The report thanks the Secretary and the Chief Inspector of the Thames Conservancy for the excellent arrangements made by the Board. The committee also recommend the Stewards to accede to the application of the Deutscher Ruder Verband (the German Rowing Association) to allow the entry of a crew from a club belonging to that Association to be taken upon conditions similar to those under which the entry of a club affiliated to the Union des Societes Francaises de sports Athletiques is now accepted.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a Bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per Bottle.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Christmas Day: Dinners at the Government Workhouse, Sailors' Home, etc.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Clan Murray entered the dock, and the steamers Safari and Parulia left it on Saturday; the steamers Angers and Henry Bolckow entered the dock, and the steamer Caspian left it on Sunday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Trofea entered the dock on Saturday, and the steamer Australia left it on Sunday; the steamers Oriental and R. Rubattino entered the dock on Sunday, and the steamer Ravenna yesterday.

POLO.—There will be a game to-day (Tuesday) at 4-30 p.m.

THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.—The name of Hari Ganesh Phatak was inadvertently omitted from the list of successful candidates, Poona Centre, published in our issue of the 20th instant.

MR. JUSTICE RANADE.—The Hon. Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade, C.I.E., has left Bombay to attend the annual Social Conference, to be held at Madras this year. He reached Poona on Saturday, and was to have left for Madras on the following day.

ARREST OF A BLUE-JACKET.—John Sheridan Bondsman, a blue-jacket, belonging to the Flagship Bonaventure, who has absented himself without leave, was on Saturday arrested by Constable Coxen, and handed over to the authority on board the Flagship. A reward of Rs. 15 was paid to Constable Coxen for arresting the man.

REPORTED THEFT AT THE APOLLO HOTEL.—Mr. Herbert de Stun, a resident in the Apollo Hotel, has reported to the police, that on Sunday morning, he left three purses, containing money, on a table in his room on the first floor of the hotel, and went into the bathroom. On his return he found that one of the purses, which contained about twenty sovereigns had vanished.

A LABOUR STRIKE.—About half-past 12 o'clock, on Saturday afternoon, 125 boys of the throstle department in the Star of India Mill, struck work owing to a new jobber being taken on in place of the old one, who was discharged. Adequate police arrangements having been made to prevent a breach of the peace everything passed off quietly.

JUBILEE OF THE NATIVE GENERAL LIBRARY.—The Jubilee year of the Native General Library will be celebrated by the members on the 21st January next, when the premises will be decorated and illuminated. As a memorial of the event, the members have raised a fund among themselves amounting to over Rs. 1,000, which will be utilised in purchasing books or in some other way.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.—About a quarter to 12 o'clock on Saturday night, Bhanjee Toolsidas, aged thirty-five years, was returning home from Matoonga in company of three of his friends in a carriage, when one of the wheels came off, throwing the occupants on to the road. Bhanjee sustained a compound fracture of the left leg, while his friends escaped unhurt. Bhanjee was taken to the J. J. Hospital, where he is now a patient.

THE FIRE AT THE NEW GREAT EASTERN MILL.—Messrs. Macbeth Brothers writes us as follows:—With reference to the paragraph in your Monday's issue re fire at the New Great Eastern Mill we would beg to point out that the fire was extinguished by the action of the "Grinnell" sprinklers, which have recently been fitted up in the mill. Four of the Grinnell sprinklers opened and practically extinguished the fire before a single hose of the mill donkey pump was brought into play.

INJURED BY FALLING FROM A TREE.—Sukoo, a girl, aged eleven years, residing with her grandmother, at Worlee Packady Road, climbed up a tree in front of her house, to remove some pieces of dry wood on Saturday last, when her foot accidentally slipped, and she fell on to the ground below, a distance of about eight feet, fracturing her left thigh. Sukoo was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, and kept there for treatment.

SUSPECTED THEFT BY A FELLOW-LODGER.—Fateh Mahomed, residing on the 1st storey of a house at Memon Moholla, has reported to the police that on the 21st instant, his box was opened with a duplicate key and Rs. 200 in currency notes and cash were abstracted therefrom. Complainant suspects a young man, named Sahabudeen Amir Alli, aged twenty years, who lived with him, and who has now absconded. A telegram was sent on Saturday to the Fyzabad police asking them to arrest the man.

FATALLY RUN OVER BY A TRAMCAR.—Mr. Allen F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquest yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, regarding the death of Haji Latif Hassen, a Mahomedan, aged fifty-five years, who on Saturday last, instant, was going along Falkland Road, when he was accidentally knocked down by a crowd of Mahomedans, who had collected there, and before he could leave the place, he was run over by a tramcar, coming from the direction of Pydhownee, sustaining serious bodily injuries. He was taken to the J. J. Hospital, where he died on Sunday evening. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

A MENDICANT ROBBED.—Manookbai, a Hindu widow and a mendicant, residing in a room on the ground floor of a house in the 15th Lane Kamatipara, having locked the door of her room, on Saturday morning, went out begging, and returned at 10 p.m., when she found that the lock on the door had been broken open, and on entering the place discovered that a box had been forced open and gold and silver ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 143 stolen therefrom. A gold-smith of bad character, named Ramu Koosbaji, who occupied the floor above complainant's room, has suddenly disappeared with his wife since Sunday.

EMBEZZLEMENT.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Cassinath Rugoonath, a servant, in the employ of Kanji Mooji, a cotton merchant, residing at Carol, was charged at the instance of Inspector Wilson, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, with embezzlement of Rs. 1,700 belonging to his employer. On the 18th instant, complainant entrusted accused with Rs. 1,700 to make payments into several shops, but instead of doing so he absconded with the money to Poona, where he squandered a portion of the money with a woman of bad repute and in buying new clothes, a pair of boots, etc. He was arrested and brought down to Bombay with the remaining portion of the money in his possession. He was convicted and sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Gisoodeen Bhowdeen was yesterday, charged by Constable Wilkins, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, with house-breaking and committing theft of a quantity of stationery and stamps, of the collective value of Rs. 15-15, belonging, to Mr. M. M. Masani, from the Port Trust Chowkey, at Carnac Bunder Road. On Sunday accused was arrested by a policeman with the property in his possession, and was placed before Mr. Wilkins, who ordered an enquiry to be made in the case. On investigation, it was discovered that accused entered the chowkey through a window on Sunday night, and sold the property in question. The prisoner, who had three times been in jail, was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment with hard labour.

ALLEGED POISONING BY A WIFE.—At the instance of Inspector Hack Rai, the wife of one Dawji Govind, a labourer, residing on the first floor of a house, at Sandoz Street, was yesterday charged before Mr. P. H. Dastur, with administering arsenic to her husband on the night of the 20th instant. Complainant while taking his meal in the evening in question, felt some bitter taste in the curd which was in the meal, and on examining it by the light of the lamp found it to be of a greenish colour. He became suspicious and handed over the vessel containing the curd to the police. The motive assigned for doing this was stated by the husband to be that he had slapped Rai for having quarrelled with his other wife on a previous occasion. Inspector Hack informed the magistrate that the curd had been analysed by the Government Chemical Analyser, but no arsenic was detected therein. In the absence of sufficient evidence the magistrate discharged the accused.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST BY A CART-DRIVER.—Superintendent Ingram, of the Dock Police, yesterday charged Bapoo Rama, a cart-driver, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, with criminal breach of trust, as a carrier in respect of ten bags of sugar, valued at Rs. 200, belonging to Essa Allarakhia. A number of bags of sugar were discharged from the steamer Verona on to the Prince's Dock, and the accused and a number of other cart-drivers were engaged by complainant to remove them to his godown. Complainant stated that the bags loaded in the accused's cart, were not delivered at the godown, because a certain pass given to the accused for delivery at the godown was missing. On the other hand, accused produced two cartmen to prove that the bags were delivered at the godown with the pass. The magistrate, in disposing of the case, remarked that the evidence for the prosecution was weak, and therefore he would discharge the accused.

A HOUSE-BREAKER CAUGHT.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, one Rama Vithoo, a reputed burglar, was charged at the instance of Inspector Wilson, with house-breaking and theft of gold and silver ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 1,172, belonging to Radhu, a woman, residing at Panawadry. On Saturday night complainant locked the door of her room, and went to a theatre at Grant Road. During her absence accused broke into the room, forced open a cupboard, and having abstracted the property mentioned in the charge sheet, was making off with it when complainant arrived, and seized him near the door. Accused struck the woman, who cried out for help, and a man, named Dowji Laximan, ran to her assistance. Accused hit the man on the right hand and attempted to escape. A policeman's attention being attracted to the scuffle accused was secured and taken into custody. Accused against whom stood a register of four previous convictions, was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100, with the alternative of suffering further imprisonment for four months.

DIVINE SERVICE.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
(Near School of Art.)
Incumbent—Rev. C. Gilder.
Christmas Day.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion (plain).
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Holy Communion and Sermon.
Hymns 59 O come, all ye faithful.
6 Christians awake.
60 Hark! The herald angels.
62 While Shepherds watch.
The offertory is for the poor, to be distributed at Christmas and New Year.

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT SCHOOL BANDORA.

THE report of this school for the year 1894 is as follows:—We closed the scholastic year with 144 boarders, 214 day-scholars, and 203 girls in the Orphanage, this gives a total of 561 girls in our institution against 517 of last year.

The Government Educational Inspector Mr. T. Oliver, assisted by three other inspectors, viz., the Deputy Educational Inspector at Thana and his assistants examined our institution from the 26th until the 30th November. Our school is now divided into a European school for the boarders and first class day-scholars and an English teaching school for the children of the Orphanage and second class day-scholars. Mr. Oliver has sent us his reports of the two schools, viz., the European, which consists of eight standards, and the English teaching in which there are only seven standards.

We have much pleasure in subjoining here the concluding paragraphs of his two reports:—

"St. Joseph's Convent, European Girls' School at Bandora, is a very efficient institution, and the results of the examination reflect much credit on the teaching staff of the school. The general appearance of all the girls in this school at the time of the examination, was very neat, and their manners courteous. This school possesses an excellent school-building and an adequate supply of furniture, maps, books, etc. The school registers and account books had been carefully kept, and had been signed by the lady superior; the needle work throughout the school was very good, and the girls in this school also sing and drill well. I may state, in conclusion, that I am of opinion that St. Joseph's English Teaching School is an efficient institution, and the general arrangements, which have been made for the comfort and health of the children are excellent. The appearance of all the children was also neat and their manners were good."

Last year we sent up four girls for Matriculation of whom three passed. This year we only sent one, and we are glad to say she was successful. Another young lady was studying here for the same, but as we found she was not sufficiently prepared, we did not wish to send her up; however her father sent her as a private pupil, and we are sorry to say she failed. The prizes were distributed privately to the deserving pupils of both schools on the 7th December.

Before concluding we must not omit to express our sincere thanks to our kind benefactors for contributing towards the prizes and Christmas treat for our poor children of the Orphanage.

We must also thank Dr. J. P. Gonsalves for his kind attention to our institution whenever his services were required; we are however thankful to say our children enjoyed very good health throughout the year.

The school will re-open on Monday, 7th January, 1895; the boarders are expected to return on the 6th, and parents are requested to send their children in time for the re-opening of the school.

Besides our European and English Teaching Schools, we have an evening catechism school for the children of the village. The number on the rolls is about 135. They learn catechism, prayers, and singing.

On the 6th December, we distributed prizes to 92 children who attended the schools regularly, which was a source of great delight to these dear children.

THE WAZIRI EXPEDITION.

JANDULA, N. W. F., 16TH DECEMBER

THE definite order from Government, which is to launch our three brigades upon Waziristan, has at length been received; the final touch is being given to all preparations and only the exact date of the advance remains to be fixed. Notwithstanding the fact that he must be well aware of what is about to happen, the Mullah Powindah appears to be determined to offer a stubborn resistance, to judge by his frankly defiant letter received here yesterday by a native of Kohat on the purport by wires. There is no doubt that same Mullah must be a very remarkable man in many ways—and in none more than in his influence over his compatriots and his powers of raising their spirits to the pitch of enthusiasm requisite to nerve them most disciplined troops by daylight—for such is the test to which he practically invites if not omitting them, or as he would more probably render it. Mullah Powindah, from what I can gather at present, was first known as a pupil of some local mullah in the Bannu district. As years went on he increased his influence and popularity, the mantle of his former master doubtless fell on his shoulders, and at the present moment he is said to be the incumbent, in person or by deputy, of two large mosques, the one near Kaniguram and the other in Dwar.

The camp presents a scene of ordered bustle and activity. The Stone enclosure near the fort, which in November sufficed to contain the entire garrison, is now devoted almost solely to the huge stocks of stores and material which are the best proofs, if any were required, of the vast amount of work which has lately been done by the combined Commissariat and Transport Departments. Captain Wharry and his assistants of munki have reason to be satisfied with the results up to date of their exertions. The little space which is left in the enclosure when the commissariat requirements have been satisfied is occupied by the tents of details, such as the British signallers, the Maxim gun party, &c., Captain Peebles with a party of the Devonshires has charge of the latest addition to our engines of defence and attack, and the Maxim gun is a recognised centre of attraction morning and evening for the unemployed, if such may be said to exist, in the camp. We all hope that the Waziris may give us a chance of showing the undoubted power of the gun; some one laughingly suggested to-day that we should soon hear of numerous trials of officers of high rank, charged with "abandoning their posts when in action"—to watch the Maxim gun fire!

Seriously, though, and apart from the many interesting features which any campaign must necessarily present, this expedition stands out pre-eminent as the first in India in whiton both the Lee-Metford rifle and the Maxim gun have a chance of showing their qualities, and the results, as regards the former at any rate, all the British troops engaged being supplied with cordite, should prove of the utmost value. All, or almost all, practical soldiers who have used the Lee-Metford are loud in praise of its many admirable qualities, but only actual experience can determine whether the slate-pencil '303 bullet, with its high velocity, is equal, when the question of "stopping" powers against a fanatical rush is arises, to our old and well-tried friend the Martini-Henry. The next few weeks may decide the question, more especially if when ever opposition is met with fall's to the lot of the Wana Column to encounter.

I hear from Wana that all the troops there, as was only to be expected, are in great spirits at the prospect of meeting again, and by day-light, if possible, the foe who last paid them a visit just before the cold grey dawn. It must be really cold in Wana now for even here the temperature in camp ever so late as the sun sinks. There is no doubt that the cold will be severe as we ascend, but a force so well provided with warm clothing as ours, will face the prospect with equanimity and with the general determination to make the best of all things which is my marked a characteristic (I am afraid on service only) of all ranks—British and Native—of our army in India.

KAJURI KACH, 20th December.

Heliographic communication which is established between this and the first brigade, brings news that the troops bivouacked for the second night at Dhaisora Warzo, and last night at Sarangsh. The friendly maliks met the troops a short distance from the former place, conducting them there. Both nights passed quietly, as the malcontent members of the tribes had vacated their villages, probably going to join the Mullah, who is preparing a good fight, as he terms it, to meet the British troops. To-morrows's news is anxiously looked forward to, as then the troops reach Kanigurum, the great town of the Waziris.

Jamikot, 18th December.—The brigade has halted, and has pushed a strong reconnaissance toward Shawangi Kotal, and all the troops are busily employed in improving the road towards that which is very bad in parts. The brigade moves on to-morrow.—*Pioneer.*

THE AFGHAN BOUNDARY MISSION.

ASMAR VIA PESHAWAR, 16TH DECEMBER.

THE Afghan Boundary mission reached Asmar, this morning all well. The Afghan troops, numbering about six thousand, were drawn up in front of the village to receive the Sipah-salar, who has ordered a review parade on the 18th. Every attention has been paid to ensure the safety and comfort of the mission.

The Survay work commences here, and will extend to the Bajaur watershed. It is reported that the Mohmands intend to oppose the survey proceedings east of the river, but no serious difficulty is anticipated.

Asmar lies in a narrow gorge of the valley on the left bank of the river. The mission camp and the Sipah-salar's tents are on the right bank, connected with the village by bridge.—*Pioneer.*

IN a short article in the *Realm* we are given some interesting recollections of Princess Bismarck. The story of how the Prince wooed his wife is thus narrated:—Johanna von Puttkamer was just entering on her twenty-fourth year when she was courted by Otto von Bismarck. Her parents were staunch Conservatives and Inveterate pietistes. As such they were strongly adverse to any union with the sceptical representative of antagonistic opinions, and forbade their daughter to accept the advances of her suitor. But they had to deal with a man who refused to be thwarted in any of his purposes, and they found that their opposition was useless and even dangerous. Finding himself unwelcome, Bismarck adopted a plan which, unconventional as it was, met with full success. Having been informed that he would not be received if he called, and knowing that the Puttkamers were to give a large evening party to which he had naturally not been invited, he nevertheless made his appearance in the crowded drawing-rooms on the appointed night, and offering his arm to Fraulein von Puttkamer, boldly passed with her from group to group, and audibly informed all the guests that he was betrothed to her. Startled and stunned by this audacity, the parents had not the presence of mind to deny the engagement on the spot. Subsequently prudence and common-sense prevailed over wrath and prejudice, and they decided to give their formal consent rather than brave what would have been a public scandal more compromising to their daughter than marriage.

THE IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THE COTTON DUTIES.

SPEECHES OF MEMBERS.

AT Thursday's meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council there was a full attendance of members. The Hon'ble Mr. Westland moved that the Bill amending the Tariff Act be referred to a Select Committee, consisting of the following members:—Mr. Westland, Sir Alexander Miller, Sir Charles Pritchard, the Hon'ble Fazulbhai Visram, the Hon'ble Gangadhar Rao, the Hon'ble Madhav Chitnavis, Mr. Cloget oun, and Mr. Playfair.

The Hon'ble Mohini Mohun, in a short speech, advocated the removal of the export duties on rice, or, if this was found impossible, that similar duties be placed on wheat and jute.

Mr. Westland, in replying, said the question of abolishing the rice duty was an old one, and quoted Sir John Strachey as showing that it would be desirable to carry out such a step when the financial position would admit of its being taken, but this could not be undertaken now. Moreover, India had practically a monopoly of the rice trade, whereas its wheat was seriously competed with, and to levy an export duty upon that grain would have a disastrous effect upon the export trade. He pointed out to what a low price wheat had fallen in England, and how in America stocks were so abundant, that farmers were feeding their pigs upon it. The Government of India could not possibly impose an export duty upon wheat.

The resolution was carried *nem con.*

Mr. Westland then moved that the Bill imposing 5 per cent. duties upon imported cotton goods and a countervailing excise of 5 per cent. upon Indian yarns over 20 counts be referred to a Select Committee composed of the same members as those already enumerated.

Sir Griffith Evans said he did not intend to oppose the motion. In an able speech he argued that, though England considered she was bound to allow India to compete with her in manufactures, yet she objected to that competition being on any but even terms. But he added that there is a serious difference of opinion as to whether the 5 per cent. import duty would act as a protective duty. The Indian manufacturer contended, and it was probable that the Financial Member agreed with him, that the 5 per cent. import duty will not operate as a protective duty on the ground's set out by the Bombay millowners in their very able memorial, and on other grounds. If this be so, the imposition of an excise duty of 5 per cent. on Indian manufactures is, of course, wholly unjustifiable. It is onerous, unprofitable, and harassing to the trade. The English manufacturers and the Secretary of State for India contest this position, and urge that even if the competition is small now it would increase greatly if the English goods were paralysed by a 5 per cent. impost. Whatever might be the motive for imposing it the question is, What should be the action under the circumstances. Although the Secretary of State for India may order the introduction of Bills by the Executive Governments before the Council, yet this Council is admittedly free to reject them wholly or in part. I am not an expert in these matters, and my opinion as such cannot carry any weight, but I may say, without going into details, which I leave to others more skilled, that using such intelligence as we possess upon the materials before us, I should come to the conclusion that no sufficient case had been made out for the imposition of this excise. If, therefore, we were dealing with this proposal solely upon its merits I should divide the Council, and vote against the Bill being referred to a Select Committee. But we are not dealing with abstract right, but must consider as practical men what is best to be done under the circumstances. Considering the previous history of the question, and considering the recent discussion in Parliament, and the pledges given there by the Secretary of State for India as a member of Her Majesty's Government, I do not think it is practically open to this Council to sanction an import duty on cotton without a countervailing excise of some sort. The financial necessity for the imposition of the import duties is imperative, so we must have the duties, and cannot, under present circumstances, have them without a countervailing excise of some sort. I do not think it wise to oppose the Bill being referred to a Select Committee, but as to the details of the Bill and as to whether the limit should be 20s. or 24s., I hold myself quite free and in no way bound by the limits which the Secretary of State has been good enough to telegraph, which are consequently incorporated in the Bill. Should the majority of the members of the Council differ from the Secretary of State on these matters, and alter the limit to 24, I for one will be perfectly ready to risk the chance of the Secretary of State for India using his constitutional right he has with regard to the proceedings of this Council by vetoing the Bill. It would be a step which he would find it hard to take, and impossible to justify. But this is a matter for consideration at a later stage of the Bill. I mention it merely to show that I think different considerations will apply to the details of the Bill, even those ordered by the Secretary of State for India, and in order to define my position, so that I may not hereafter be accused of inconsistency in bowing to the decision of the Secretary of State in one case, and refusing to do it in the other.

The Hon'ble Baba Mohini Mohun suggested that the excise duty should be only 2½ per cent. While giving his acceptance to the Bill generally, he spoke against the countervailing excise. His speech consisted mainly of quotations from the *Calcutta Review.*

The Hon'ble Mr. Playfair said:—

"My Lord,—While the necessity for further taxation upon the people of this country for the purposes of the revenue of the State is greatly to be deplored, it will be hailed as a matter of public satisfaction that your Excellency's Government has determined to liberate itself from the illogical position in which it was found last March by not extending the tariff of imports to all classes of goods, including cotton fabrics and yarns. While the public feeling was very deep and pronounced against the exclusion of cotton goods from the Tariff Act it is was generally felt and admitted that the responsibility of that decision did not rest wholly with your Excellency's Council. The satisfaction will be all the greater that for the present, at all events, it removes from the public mind the fear that there is about to be imposed objectionable financial device—so far as a country like India is concerned—direct taxation; while the straigh forward statement which has been made by the hon'ble member in charge of the Bill cannot fail to be appreciated both within and without Council Chamber. It will be a disappointment that the Government of India has been obliged to associate with this import duty an countervailing excise on local cotton manufactures. I have found no desire, My Lord, on the part of those directly interested in the manufacture of cotton goods in this country, nor of any section of the community, to bring about a protective tariff. The proposed excise will in itself excite prejudice by what it may seem to lead to as well as by its actual provisions. In itself it can be regarded as pernicious, or, to take the mildest view, not promot

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE BISN Co's ss Vadala, 2,164 tons Captain Alexander sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo.

THE BISN Co's ss Dumra, 762 tons, Captain E C Russell, cleared yesterday for Karachi via Kathiawar Coast ports, with a general cargo and Lieut Rooke and 65 deck passengers.

THE Bombay Japan Line ss Angers, 2,077 tons, Captain G W Bannister arrived in harbour on the 23rd instant from Yokobama (10th November) with a general cargo and seven deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Tata and Sons.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's ss Henry Bolckow, 1,005 tons, Captain G Jourdaine, arrived in harbour on the 23rd instant from Busreh (1st December) with a general cargo 202 cases opium, 100 horses and three first class and 98 deck Passengers.

THE BISN Co's ss Chindwara, 1,498 tons, Captain J R Robinson, arrived in harbour on the 22nd instant from Calcutta (25th November) via coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Col R Alexander, Mr F Barnett, and ten deck.

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian steamer Singapore Captain O Campa Sailing on the 26th instant at 7 am:—For Genoa—Mr A Lagorio, Mrs Lagorio, Mr G Amoretti Mr D Rossano, Mr A Vassallo Mr A Angeli. Mr L Intartaglia, Mr D Pugliese, Mr S Santarelli, Mr L Castello, and Mr A Porri For Aden—8 deck passengers,

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian steamer R Rubattino, Capt G Parodi, arrived on the 24th instant, From Genoa.—Mr and Mrs Lathburg, Mr D G Cameron, Mr and Mrs Cadell and infant, Geni Clementson, Mrs Clementson, and ayah, Mr Sobalak, Dr MacCartie, Mr L Roulet, Mr Elston, Mr and Mrs A Chisholm and infant, Revd Borel and three friends, Mr E Guglielminetti and Mr Sidney Simson. From Naples,—Revd Gregories and twelve missionaries, Mr D Raisman, Mr Spelgatti and three friends and Mr P Agerelli. From Aden.—fifty-two deck passengers.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
24	Caspian (s)	Beard	Marseilles.
	Vadala (s)	Alexander	Calcutta, &c.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Dumra, Russell, for Karachi, &c.
" Singapore, Canopa, for Genoa.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Oriental, for London, &c.
" Angers, for Japan, &c.
" Kaiser-i-Hind, for China, &c.
" Chindwara, for Calcutta, &c.

CALCUTTA.

DEPARTURES.
December 19.—Steamer Ethiopia.
December 20.—Steamers Argus and Pekin.

KARACHI.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.			
13	Slingsby s	Robinson	Bombay.
	Satrunji s	Fakir Ahmed	Bombay.
	Rufford Hall s	Fowler	Liverpool.
14	Kola s	Livings one	Bombay.
15	L. Seyne s	Blanc	London.
	Leon et s	Robson	London.
	Claverly s	Rice	Bombay.
17	Pemba s	Rothwell	Bombay.
	Goa s	Stewart	Persian Gulf.
18	Mahanadi s	D Adam	Bombay.
	Chimpra s	Singleton	Mormugao.
	Kapurthala s	Robertson	Bombay.
	Dunara s	Russell	Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.			
13	Dwarka s	Tice	Bombay.
	Satrunji s	Fakir Mahomed	Bombay.
	Europa s	Boucher	Hamburg.
14	Africander s	Johnstone	Antwerp.
15	Kola s	Livingstone	Bombay.
	La Seyne s	Blanc	Aden.
17	Goa s	Stewart	Bombay.
18	Mahanadi s	D Adam	Bombay.
	Kapurthala s	Robertson	Bombay.
	Pemba s	Rothwell	Persian Gulf.
	Slingsby s	Robinson	Hull.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

SS Tellus, Anderson, The Bombay Co, (not known).
" Rufford Hall, Fowler, Forbes, F & Co, Ld Liverpool.
" Leancer, Rouson, Melver, M and Co, Bombay.
" Claverly, Rice, Finlay, Muir and Co, Australia.
" Chapra, Sheldrick, Melver, M and Co, (not known.)
" Lumra, Russell, Melver, M and Co, Bombay.

ADEN SHIPPING REPORT.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	From	Date.	To
August 23	Falcuta (Gun boat)	Stranack	Tyne		
November 23	Brambleton H M's	Corroy	Balhar		
December 1	Clan Macintosh	Macalister	Liverpool		
2	Dalhousie R I M	Barwick	Somali coast.		
10	Valuto	Statt	Penang	13	London
11	Sheik Berkhud	Gibb	Somali coast.	16	Perim, &c.
	Baltasrat	Angus	London	11	Sydney
13	Khedive	Broun	London	12	Calcutta
	Waverly	Calvert	New York		Japan
	Ville de Ciotat	Fischi	Marseilles		Sydney
	Venezia	Simon	Mussowa		Mussowa
	Chusan	Thompson	Calcutta	13	London
13	Imperator	Bechlinger	Trieste		Bombay
	Thames	Seaton	Bombay		
	Parramatta	Harris	Sydney		London
	Ataka	Bement	Barry		
15	Giesla	Mitz	Bombay	16	Trieste
	Oldenburg	Hintze	Bremen	1	Australia
	Meyun	Mitchell	Perim	18	Somali coast
	Moskwa	Granovskey	Vladivostok	19	Odessa.
	Sydney	Dolacroix	China	16	Marseilles
16	Ilia de Luzon	Ciganet	Manilla		Liverpool
	Tuna	Brolly	Somali coast.		
	Woodcock	Craig	Hodeida		

Aden, 16th December, 1894.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall s—91 bales twist, waste, H Khooshal; 1007 cwts myrabollams, Abjoo Ounseer; 1050 cwts myrabollams, Wagjee Becher; 2000 cwts wheat, E D Sassoon and Co; 813 cwts cakes, Glade and Co; 47 bales wool, The Bombay Co; 10 bales wool, J Valley.

FOR LONDON.

Oriental s—1000 cwts myrabollams, Urjoon Khimjee, 65 cwts gum, 12 cwts Sabunawn, M Jaffer; 2300 cwts myrabollams, E D Sassoon and Co; 135 cwts gum, L Ludha; 862 cwts myrabollams, S Ramjee; 325 b ales hump, John L Karstin; 17 bales skins, and hides, E Ward Bates and Co; 3201 cwts linseed, Finlay Muir and Co; 1005 cwts myrabollams; 8 Runchordas; 1000 cwts myrabollams, W Becher; 260 cwts buffalo horn, B Ismail, 82 cwts gum, N Soorbhoy; 164 cwts olibanum, A Currium Mahomed; 403 cwts clove, H S H Soomar; 5070 cwts bone meal, Croft, Moody and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Drachenfels s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 8 bales woollen carpets, 1 case Indian curiosities and 3 cases peacock feathers, Glade and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Horsa s—275 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 1030 cwts poppyseed, and 2000 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Brothers; 966 cwts myrabollams, R Currimbhoy; 25 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

Drachenfels s—100 cwts copra cake, Glade and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Kurrachee s—12,000 cwts gingelly seed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperator s—210 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 220 bales cotton, glade and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Imperator s—200 bales cotton, Gaddum Officer and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Rosetta s—150 bales twist, and 15 bales piece goods, E D Sassoon and Co; 50 bales twist, M Harichand; 25 bales twist, M Byramjee; 150 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 50 bales twist, Fleming Shaw and Co; 85 bales twist, S N Pal and Co; 50 bales twist, and 150 cwts copalak, Yan Shan and Co; 3 cases peacock feathers, M Dawoodbhoy; 134 cwts sharkfins, 13 chests opium, N Cassumbhoy and Co; 28 chest opium, U Ebraim and Co; 30 chests opium, N J Abraham.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Rosetta s—50 bales twist, Killick Nixon and Co; 255 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 15 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 35 chests opium, N J Abraham

FOR KOBE.

Sengirs s—1,000 bales cotton, Tata and Co,

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Angirs s—200 bales cotton, Latham Abercrombie and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Chindwara s—200 bales cotton, R Luchmondas.

KARACHI EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

(FROM 11TH TO 17TH DECEMBER, 1894.)

EXPORTS.

Dunara s (Bombay)—30 cwts cotton (unpressed), 190 cwts wool (unpressed), 12,676 cwts wheat, 47 cwts mutter, 633 corgos skins

Simla s (Bombay)—105 cwt wool (unpressed), 1 576 cwt wheat. Kapurthala s (Bombay)—163 bales cotton for transhipment to London), 306 cwt cotton (unpressed), 153 cwt wool (unpressed), 2,589 cwt rapeseed, &c, 7,731 cwt wheat, 1,325 cwt rice, 31 cwt mutter, 82 cwt barley, 354 corgos skins, 150 lbs tea.

Dwarka s (Bombay)—173 cwt wool (unpressed), 3,157 cwt rapeseed, &c, 4,242 cwt wheat, 9 cwt mutter, 173 corgos skins, 150 lbs tea (for transhipment to Colombo).

Pemba s —73 cwt cotton (unpressed), 8 cwt rapeseed, &c, 2,000 cwt wheat

Kola s (Bombay)—20 cwt cotton (unpressed), 35 cwts wool (unpressed) 1,215 cwt rapeseed &c, 9,574 cwt wheat, 64 cwt rice, 147 corgos skins, 5 corgos hide

Dumra s (Bombay)—182 cwt cotton (unpressed), 3,038 cwt rapeseed, &c, 8,729 cwt wheat, 23 cwts mutton, 50 corges skins, 7 corgos hide, 65 corgos hide (for transhipment to Genoa)

Kilwa s (Bombay)—38 cwt cotton (unpressed), 467 cwt rapeseed, &c, 900 cwt wheat

Stanley Hall s (Liverpool)—7 7 bales wool. 112,676 cwt wheat, 1,0 0 cwt linseed, 150 lbs tea

Worseley Hall s (Liverpool)—14 bales cotton, 2,235 bales wool, 83,128 cwts wheat, 198 lbs tea

Europa s (Hull)—50,300 cwt wheat

IMPORTS.

City of Dublin s (Liverpool via Bombay)—32 pieces prints (foreign)

Branksome Hall s 85 pieces grey goods (foreign), 100 pieces prints (foreign)

Lockaley Hall s (Liverpool)—90 pieces grey goods (foreign), 602 pieces white goods (foreign), 685 pieces prints (foreign)

City of London s (Liverpool via Bombay)—2,100 pieces white goods (foreign)

Lorenzo s (Hull via Bombay)—250 tons coals

Horsa s (London)—5 pieces prints (foreign)

Kola s (Bombay)—936 pieces grey goods (foreign), 6,874 pieces grey goods (Indian), 1,535 pieces white goods (foreign), 1,377 pieces prints (foreign), 4,960 lbs grey yarns (Indian), 1,300 lbs T red and dyed yarns (foreign), 700 lbs T red dyed yarns (Indian), 5 cwt copper, 5 cwt yellow metal

Chanda s (Bombay)—431 pieces prints (foreign)

Dumra s Bombay)—2,936 pieces grey goods (foreign), 12,277 pieces grey goods (Indian), 7,477 pieces white goods (foreign), 3,210 pieces prints (foreign), 100 pieces prints (Indian), 17,950 lbs grey yarns (Indian), 4,3000 lbs T red and dyed yarns (foreign), 400 lbs T red dyed yarns (Indian), 50 cwt iron bar &c, 63 cwt yellow metal

Europa s (Hamburg via Bombay)—312 iron bar, &c, 22 cwt steel

Simla s (Bombay)—151 pieces grey goods (foreign), 4,050 pieces grey goods (Indian), 150 pieces prints (foreign), 1,100 lbs grey yarns (Indian)

Mahanadi s (Bombay)—31 cwt iron bar &c, 6 cwt steel

Dwarka s (Bombay)—12,970 pieces grey goods (foreign), 20,443 pieces grey goods (Indian), 12,089 pieces white go ods (foreign), 5,673 pieces prints (foreign), 550 pieces printed (foreign), 80) lbs grey yarns (foreign), 62,700 lbs grey yarns (Indian), 5,700 lbs T red and dyed yarns (foreign), 961 lbs T red and dyed yarns (Indian), 21 cwt iron bar &c, 10 cwt steel, 22 cwt copper

Ruffrel Hall s (Bombay)—75,983 pieces grey goods (foreign), 51,301 pieces white goods (foreign), 16,534 pieces printed, 18,000 lbs T red and dyed yarns (foreign), 1,383 tons coal, 38 tons cake.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The following is the Weekly Memorandum of Remitt ances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills, of the 19th December, 1894:—

	£
Amount to be remitted during 1894-95	17,000,000
Remitted from 1st April 1894 to 19th December, 1894	11,727,600
Balance to be remitted from 19th December 1894 to 31st March 1895	5,272,400

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 24.

REUTER'S Saturday's financial quotations by wire, chronicled in our report under that evening's date are corrected by a telegram since to hand quoting Bar Silver in London at 27 7/16d. per oz., instead of 27 3/8d.; and French Rentes in Paris at 101⅓ *ex-coupon*, and Paris Exchange in London at fcs. 25·16½ instead of 102½ and fcs. 25·15, respectively. The figures relating to Cotton are also now to hand through the same channel enabling us to give our usual weekly statistics regarding that staple. The Cotton in sight in New York at the end of the week was 6,360,000 bales, compared with 5,880,000 bales at the close of the week preceding.

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

Week's receipts	1894.	1893.	1892.
" exports to U. Kingdom	355,000	297,000	183,000
" " Continent	91,000	150,000	62,000
	95,000	103,000	92,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	4,728,000	3,876,000	3,371,000
" exports to U. K. do.	1,625,000	1,401,000	1,194,000
" " to Continent do.	1,522,000	1,155,000	900,000
" Stock in the Ports	1,320,000	1,170,000	1,104,000

The total Visible Supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 21st instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1894.	1893.	1892.
Total supply of all kinds	4,189,000	4,317,000	4,268,050
" Surats	128,000	151,000	167,190

For the United Kingdom only the figures are:—

	1894.	1893.	1892.
Stock in Liverpool	1,073,000	1,148,470	1,543,500
" London	7,000	6,000	6,000
American Afloat	380,000	390,000	170,000
East Indian "	10,000	10,000	6,000
Total	1,123,000	1,555,470	1,725,500
Price of Mid.-Americans	3 1-32d.	4 5-16d.	5d.
" Good Dhollera	2 5-8d.	3 11-16d.	4 3-8d.
Difference	13-32d.	9d.	7-8d.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay Return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following changes:—

Public Deposits at Head Office	Inc.	Rs.	139,627
" " Branches	Inc.	"	366,440
Other Deposits	Dec.	"	4,215,325
Government Securities	Dec.	"	469,030
Other Authorized "	Dec.	"	18,232
Loans	Dec.	"	71,881
Bills Discounted and Purchased	Inc.	"	172,053
Balances with other Banks	Inc.	"	138,816
Cash	Dec.	"	34,58,304

As usual when the Presidency Bank closes for several days for holidays considerable anticipatory withdrawls from Private Deposits take place; and the Bank's Statement of Affairs issued to-day shows a diminution of some 42¼ lakhs in that item, which is the cause of the reduction of the Cash Belance by nearly 35 lakhs, say to 35½ lakhs. In other respects there were no changes of importance as to the trade demand for Money in the week under notice, a smaller increase in Bills Discounted, and less decrease in Loans than in the week preceding having made the net increase in trade requirements about 43¼ lakhs, the Cash Balance having been helped by an addition to Public Deposits at the Bank's head office and branches, of nearly 5 lakhs, and by the further ready item of Government Securities held by the Bank.

COTTON.—The telegraphic weather and crop reports to hand this morning advise hail storms, and a fall of half an inch of rain at Agra in the Bengal circle, and of 63 cents at Delhi in the same circle, though in the latter district the weather was bright this morning with no further sign of rain. At Beawar, in the same circle, where a few cents of rain had been registered, the weather was cloudy and unseasonable, as it was also in the Oomrawattee, Khangaum, and Dhulia districts of the Oomra circle; but in the other districts the weather was favourable for picking operations though in both circles, arrivals were still upon a small scale. In the Broach, Dharwar

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

ANOTHER JAPANESE VICTORY.

LONDON, Dec. 23.

Reuter's correspondent at Yokohama telegraphs that a Japanese Division attacked ten thousand Chinese troops, under the command of General Sung, at Haitching, in Manchuria, on the 19th instant. The Chinese offered a stubborn resistance, and only after five hours' fighting were they dislodged from their positions, and then routed with heavy loss. The casualties on the Japanese side are unknown.

AFFAIRS IN BULGARIA.

RE-CONSTRUCTION OF MINISTRY.

The Bulgarian Ministry has been re-constructed by M. Stoiloff with members generally known to hold Russophili tendencies. One of the first acts of the new Ministry has been to introduce a measure into the Sobranje, providing for the amnesty of political refugees.

PROPOSED FINANCIAL REFORMS IN EGYPT.

REPLY OF EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Dec. 24.

The Egyptian Government has replied to the report made by the Legislative Council, pointing out that the economies proposed by the latter are unfeasible.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

DESIRE FOR ENTENTE CORDIALE.

Replying to an address presented by the French Colony in London, in which the desire was strongly expressed of upholding friendly relations between England and France, Baron de Courcel, the new French Ambassador to Great Britain, said that he shared the views expressed in the Address, and declared his mission to be one of conciliation and peace.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL.

PARIS, Dec. 24.

Lord Randolph Churchill has arrived here.

His Lordship's health causes much anxiety and symptoms of locomotorataxy have appeared.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The Bombay mails of the 8th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

ADEN, Dec. 24.

The s. s. Thames, with the outward mails of the 14th instant, left here for Bombay, at 5 a.m., to-day, and the s. s. Arcadia, for Colombo, and Australia, at the same time.

APPOINTMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 24.

Captain Swayne, 16th Bengal Infantry, has been appointed Staff-Captain, Intelligence Branch, Simla, *vice* Captain Holland, officiating as Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General.

THE WAZIRI EXPEDITION.

Sir William Lockhart, with the Jandola Brigade, marched into Makin, on the 21st instant. No opposition being experienced beyond the rear guard being fired upon and one follower killed. While they halted at Jenjal on the 20th the camp was fired into, but no one was hit. The Banuu Column reached Razmak on the 21st, their rear guard being fired upon, and two followers wounded. The column was to march into Makin on the 22nd. The Wano Brigade reached Mogulkheel on the 20th, and during their halt there had one sepoy of the 3rd Sikhs and one sepoy of the Gurkhas, and three mules wounded by the Waziris hanging about. On the 21st the Brigade reached Kaniguram.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 24.

News from the Wano Brigade received on the 23rd instant states that they arrived at Kanigurain on the 21st, the road being very bad and difficult for camels. No regular opposition was met with, though small parties of the enemy occasionally fired on the troops, wounding two sepoys and a few transport animals. Heliographic communication has been suspended temporarily, owing to rain and snow. No news of General Symon's Brigade has arrived yet.

EXTRA A.-D.-C. TO THE VICEROY.

Lieutenant Cooper-Smith, 11th Bengal Lancers, has been appointed extra Aide-de-Camp on the Viceregal Staff.

THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPUR, Dec. 21.

At a meeting of the people of Kolhapur, under the presidentship of Rao Saheb R. M. Bapat, Rao Bahadur Balvantrao Sakharam Kirtane, late Subha, Baroda State, Dr. Kashinath Gangadhar Gadgil, and Mr. Luxuman Sadashiv Digavdekar were elected delegates to the National Indian Congress to be held at Madras.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

SUEZ, Dec. 22.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macnab from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo arrived here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 22.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier Surats flat.

Good Dhollera	2 5-8

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2½ per cent. Consols	103⅛
3 per cent. Rentes	101¼ ex.
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	112⅛
4g per cent. Rupee Paper	85
Bar Silver	27 7-16

The sum of about £300,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

DECEMBER 23.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, interrupted. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.
Cable Aden Zanzibar section interrupted.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Largest duties of foreign messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 24th December, 1894.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	24	3	32 p.m.	..	31
Suez	24	3	55 p.m.	...	7

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., of the 24th December, 1894.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	31	..	1
" Karachi	...	8	..	1
" Madras	...	18	..	1

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SUNDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 23.

10 p.m. — 75·5

MONDAY, DECEMBER 24.

6 a.m.	71·0
10 a.m.	76·4
2 p.m.	80·2
4 p.m.	78·4

It would seem as if Lord Rosebery had no regard whatever for the Nonconformist Conscience. He began by shocking it with Ladas, and, not content with that, he has got another Derby favourite in St. Visto; while to crown all, he has now (says the *World*) taken to another form of gambling, which consists in entering stock to compete for prizes in money and in plate at the different agricultural shows. He commenced this form of speculation in a modest sort of a way about a twelvemonth ago, and his appetite would appear to grow by what it feeds upon, as he came out at Birmingham last Saturday in the most aggressive fashion, and, with eight entries of Scotch cattle and shorthorns, won seven prizes and a high commendation. This, apart from the wickedness involved in gambling, might be a subject for congratulation among the saints, as most of those whom Lord Rosebery defeated were Unionists; but as it is, we may expect that the protestants will have something to say on the subject.

SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Dec. 7.

BOGUS AMATEURISM.

It is a singular though regrettable coincidence that two of our most important governing bodies in amateur sport should be engaged at the present time in an endeavour to purge the respective pastimes of football and cycling of the enervating abuses which have been growing for some years, which now threaten to rob both of all that is best and brightest unless dealt with in the firmest possible manner. Last week I endeavoured to call attention to the despicable motives of the men who desires to pose as amateurs in football, but who are only too willing to receive payment in cash or kind for their services on the field. No less reprehensible are the methods adopted by many cyclists in order to evade the provisions laid down by the National Cyclists' Union. Unfortunately, however, the difficulties to be overcome in order to purify the sport of cycling appear to be almost insurmountable. In football it is only a matter between clubs and players, and there may be a possibility of getting at the bottom of the misdeeds of individuals, but in cycling a most important and formidable factor is introduced, for the trade has to be considered. So enormous is the power possessed by the principal manufacturers of cycles and tyres, and so lavishly are they prepared to pay for performances of special merit that up to the present time in spite of much wholesome legislation and the untiring efforts of those whose duty it is to put the machinery of the Cyclists' Union in motion, the class of riders known as maker amateurs have practically monopolised the racing path, carried off the bulk of the prizes put up for competition, and secured the vast majority of records, whilst the poor unfortunate being who has not possessed sufficient ability to become absorbed by "the trade" has been elbowed out, to all intents and purposes, from nearly all the principal events of the season. It will not be denied that there are hundreds of real amateurs connected with the sport of cycle racing; but that they form any important section in the classic events of the year is very much to be doubted. Perhaps I should not be far wrong if I asserted that nine-tenths of the records standing to-day have been paid for in hard cash; but directly one begins to probe beneath the surface in an endeavour to grapple with this bogus amateurism all manner of interests are disturbed and consequently the subsidised riders have had matters entirely their own way.

FAILURE OF THE LICENSING SCHEME.

When first the National Cyclists' Union adopted the method of issuing licences to riders—under a scheme drawn up by Dr. E. B. Turner, a well-known enthusiast—it was received with decidedly mixed feelings. Many thought it would purify the sport by forcing the bogus amateur to declare himself in true colour as a professional. In one or two notable cases cyclists of repute, tired of the cross-questioning and espionage, went in boldly for professionalism; but so far as affecting a sweeping reform, the scheme has been a decided failure. A few of the shrewdest men connected with the sport have, for some reason or other, made desperate endeavours to prove that black is white, and even at the present moment profess to believe that the black sheep—i.e., the fakers' amateurs—are very few, and really insignificant. One is bound to give these youthful legislators credit for the best of intentions, but really their presence at the head of affairs has been most unfortunate for the sport. So much friction has been occasioned in the administration of the scheme, too, that the latest move on the part of the leaders is to abandon the present scheme at the end of the present year, and substitute a scheme which will permit of two classes of amateurs—similar to the system in vogue in the United States—class "A" confined to pure amateurs, class "B" open to men connected with the trade, but who do not wish to ride for cash prizes. To our old-fashioned notions of amateurism and professionalism this seems a sorry substitute, after all. But if it succeeds in clearing the murky atmosphere at present surrounding the sport ever so little, we shall have something for which to be thankful.

THE N.C.U. AND THE A.A.A.

The projected scheme of two classes has yet to be laid before the representatives of the respective Centres, who will have the power at the Council meeting to either reject or approve of it. But supposing for a moment that the new licencing regulations are carried, this will bring the N.C.U. into direct contact with the amateur Athletic Association and the rest of the amateur associations of the country. The receipt of expenses invalidates a person's amateur status under the laws of the A.A.A., and unless this association lends a helping hand and permits the "expenses" item to pass unchallenged it is probable we have seen the last of combined athletic and cycling programmes, or "mixed" meetings. It is impossible to anticipate the attitude of the A.A.A. with absolute certainty, but the general impression appears to be that the new scheme of the N.C.U. will be thrown out without the slightest compunction. We are evidently nearing a crisis in the cycling world, but whatever is done, it ought to be laid down in as few words as possible that directly a man puts money in his pocket for participating in any of our sports or pastimes that man should be classed amongst the professionals. There cannot well be any degree of amateurism, for it must always remain that if a man is not an amateur he must be, ipso facto, a professional. It is a wearisome subject, and there I will leave it for the present.

THE CYCLING SHOWS.

When one comes to look backward to the time of the first of the Stanley Cycle Shows, that held at Camden Town in 1878, and compare the trade in cycles at that period with what is done at the present time, it will easily be seen what immense strides have been made. In 1878 the exhibits consisted of 74 machines only; last year it is estimated that the number of cycles on view at the two shows—the Stanley and the National—reached 3,000. Possibly this number may be exceeded when this years figures are produced. To the uninitiated it certainly appears a little strange that it should be thought necessary to hold two exhibitions closely following upon each other; but when we reflect that both the Agricultural Hall, Islington, and the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, are filled with exhibits, it is a bit difficult to see how it would be possible to accommodate the whole of the exhibitors in one hall. A good deal of talk and not less correspondence has already taken place with a view of dropping either one or other of the annual shows, but as long as both receive such liberal patronage from the manufacturers and the public, we are likely to have a couple of shows annually for some years to come. The non-cycling public may yet have reason to thank the wheel-men for bringing about various improvements in the methods of locomotion. At the exhibition just closed at the Agricultural Hall we were treated to a view of the cycling cab, a vehicle propelled by a couple of cyclists seated at the front and rear, which has been running about the streets of London for some months past. Then there were also several broughams, carriages and cabs fitted with different air tyres, and those who have been privileged to ride in vehicles so fitted speak in the most favourable terms of their luxuriousness. The day for universal air tyres in connection with our street traffic may not be just yet; but the practicability of the system once proved, it will not be long before we find them in general use. To all brain workers who are fretted with the din and rumble of street locomotion in our large cities, such a consummation will be heartily welcomed.

DEATH OF A FAMOUS FOOTBALL PLAYER.

By the death of Archie Hunter, for many years captain of Aston Villa F.C., we lose the last of three brothers all more or less famed for their prowess on the football field. John Hunter was in his day a fine back and more than once represented Scotland in international matches; whilst another brother, Andrew (or "Andy," as he was termed) long held a place in the Aston Villa team. But the greatest of the trio undoubtedly was Archie, who died recently at the early age of 35. At his best, Hunter was probably one of the finest players at the Association game who ever went on to a field, this being the opinion of some of the best judges of the game. But for his identity with a prominent English club, Hunter would doubtless have succeeded that prince of centre-forwards, Geordie Kerr, in Scottish international contests.

THE CHAMPION JOCKEY OF THE YEAR.

After a really interesting struggle between two of the finest horsemen of the day, T. Loates and Mornington Cannon, the latter, by coming "with a rush" during the concluding days of the flat-racing season, just managed to beat his great rival, their respective winning mounts being Cannon 167, Loates 163. This pair stand out from the rest of our English jockeys, so far as winning mounts go, in conspicuous fashion, the third on the list being S. Loates, with 91. Not since the days of Fred Archer have we had a jockey who has displayed such consistently good form as Cannon, and with health and strength the highest honours—and many of them, too—appear to be within his reach. It only seems a few years ago since the boy was christened after the dual winner of the City and Suburban and the Great Metropolitan Stakes—this was in 1873—but since that time Tom Cannon's "boy" has ridden upwards of 700 winners—a magnificent record if he never steers another to the front. If report is to be credited, we are likely to see yet another son come rapidly forward, for Kempton Cannon, a younger brother, fairly captivated some of the old stagers by his horsemanship at a recent meeting. Whilst speaking of jockeys and their winning mounts, it may not be amiss to point to the falling off in G. Barrett's list of victories. Probably he wishes the "falling off" was as pronounced in his weight, and that a little of his "no solid flesh" would melt, for we find that his victories in 1889 numbered 128, in 1890 106, in 1891 133, in 1892 154, in 1893 107, and in 1894—and what a falling off it is, to be sure—24. Well, "Master Barrett has had a fairly good innings, to say the least.

THE PRIZES AT THE TURF.

Now that the [illegible] have favoured us with the [illegible] greatest prizes of the turf, we find Mr. Hugh McCalmont comes out, as was generally anticipated, a very easy first, with £37,674 to his credit, the next highest being our Prime Minister, Lord Rosebery, with £17,206. Added to the nice little sum of £25,431, won during the season of 1893, we have a nice round sum, and though it costs more to run a racing stable than to fly a kite—for there is no room for niggardliness in connection with the turf—Mr. McCalmont should be able to keep the beggar from the door for some time to come. It would be interesting to know the private opinions of Mr. Hawke and his brotherhood concerning these nice little prizes. Not since the good-hearted Baron Hirsch picked up £33,383, in 1892, has an owner reached anything like the sum just totalled to the credit of Mr. McCalmont. Isinglass has won its owner £31,498 during the season, Ladas coming second with £12,795.

WINNING SIRES.

Full of interest as the struggle between the leading jockeys was to the masses, not a whit less interesting to the aristocracy of the turf was the battle of the sires. In doubt right up to the close of the season, St. Simon at last gained the honour from Isonomy, the victory of Ravensbury at the Manchester meeting just upsetting the calculations of the son of Sterling. The progeny of St. Simon have won the nice little sum of £42,092, Isonomy's produce coming very close up with £42,056. The former thus maintains the position at the head of winning sires held during the past three years.

TO ARMS.

The Sporting League organisers are on the war-path with a vengeance. In nearly every quarter of the kingdom it has already been well advertised, and there can be no disguising the fact that the Anti-Gambling people have a long and difficult "row to hoe." Mr. James Lowther's speech at a recent festive gathering has given unbounded satisfaction and if he can only sufficiently imbue the rest of the Sporting Leaguists with the same ideas he himself possesses he will have accomplished a good deal. As I mentioned in a previous letter, we have yet to learn that our games have been threatened—that is to say, our cricket, football, lawn tennis, marbles and the rest. The Solicitor-General has been somewhat harshly criticised for attending the Gimcrack function, but those who know anything of Mr. Frank Lockwood's controversial powers will feel no qualms as to his readiness to take his own part. The Earl of Rosslyn entered the lists the other day against the Anti-Gambling League, on the occasion of opening a bazaar. In the course of a vigorous protest against the meddlesome policy of Messrs. Hawke and Co., the noble earl asked the company to believe that there was less gambling in cricket than in any other sport, and when their sports and pastimes were threatened by a set of faddists and an interfering lot of humbugs, it was necessary for the upholders of sport to combine for their own protection." This is plain speaking; but if the Anti-Gambling section are to be suppressed it will not be done by calling other people names. When our sports and pastimes are in real danger, young England, I take it, will have a word or two to say in the matter. I am no great politician, and believe that the more independence sportsmen observe in connection with State protection the better. We have gone along fairly well up to now, and we shall survive the attacks of the anti-everythings without a doubt.

THE NEW WOMAN.

Mr. John Tenniel, the talented cartoonist of "Punch," has a delightfully sly dig at the new woman in his annual drawing for the "Punch" Christmas number. We have lady cyclists, lady steeplechasers, lady fire brigades, &c., &c., all depicted with irresistible humour. But perhaps the two funniest hits are those of the lady footballers scrimmaging with their backs to the ball and a group of rationally-clad ladies hoisting the caber—presumably to be hurled in unison, being too unwieldy for the fair creatures to tackle single-handed. The lady hammer-thrower is a really fine figure. "Punch" to-day is as full of vitality as ever, and probably no new-comer on the artistic staff has ever jumped into popularity with greater smartness than Mr. E. T. Reed, whose "Prehistoric Peeps" are wonderfully clever. With all the sarcasm, however, I have an idea the New Woman has come to stay.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Thames, with the English Mails of the 14th inst., left Aden at 5 a. m., yesterday, and may be expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 9 a.m., on Saturday. She brings the following passengers:—

From London.—Mr Harvey, Mr G Bower, jun., Mr and Mrs T Rudolph, Dr Durand, Mr W Hartley, Mr A R Lillie, Miss J Parry, Lieut C Arkwright, Second Lieut C P Day, Capt J Stewart, Mrs Webb, Mr W Beaumont, Mr and Mrs Ryce, Mr and Mrs Bell and two children, Mrs Thornton, Miss Way, Mr A S West, Mr T A H Way, Mr J Gardur, and Miss Hardaway.

From Brindisi.—Lieut and Mrs H L D Fordyce, Mr and Mrs J R Naylor, Capt and Mrs Macdonald, two Misses Barnard, Lieut C E Pereira, Miss A E Lawson, Miss R H Collins, Miss A R Elicker, Miss C Naston, Miss F M Butcher, Mr Longueville, and Mr and Mrs W B Ayling.

For Kurrachee.—Lieut Nuttall and Mr W A Fraser.

THE LONDON LYRIC COMPANY.

To-morrow, (Wednesday), the London Lyric Company will produce at the Tivoli Theatre the successful spectacular play "The Romany Rye" written by Mr. G. Sims and produced at the Princess Theatre, London, during the phenomenally prosperous season of Mr. Wilson Barrett at that popular home of drama. The play unfolds a story of great interest. The strong dramatic scenes are duly relieved by humorous incidents, all in the well-known style of the eminent author. The London Lyric Company have already produced this play in Calcutta with immense success, and special scenery was there painted and special mechanical effects placed before an agreeably surprised audience. The scenery and the mechanical effects have been brought to Bombay, and will be reproduced in precisely the same manner as that which pleased Calcutta audiences for an unusually large number of nights. The whole strength of the London Lyric Company will be engaged in this great production, every one of them having happily recovered from the indisposition which during the past week has caused inconvenience to the management and in some cases disappointment to the public by the occasional absence of well-known favourites. The original music will be played during the piece, and in short Bombay will be invited on Wednesday evening to witness the most perfectly written, powerfully acted, and magnificently mounted play that has ever been presented here. A large number of supernumeraries are actively engaged in assisting the members of the company.

MILITARY NEWS.

Captain W. F. H. Bredin, Royal Irish Regiment is posted to the 2nd Battalion.

Lieutenant H. H. Austin, Royal Engineers, is posted to No. 5 Company Sappers and Miners.

Colonel C. W. I. Harrison, Royal Engineers, is permitted to retire from the service.

1st Gurkhas—Lieutenant W. C. Anderson, from 2nd Battalion, to be Permanent Wing Officer.

38th Dogras—Lieutenant G. de H. Smith, 45th Sikhs, to be Officiating Wing Officer, as a temporary measure.

The following appointments are sanctioned:—Captain C. H. Hicks, Lancashire Fusiliers, to be Quarter-master, Deolali Depot.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel [J. D. Gunning, Army Medical Staff, is permitted to return home during the present trooping season.

Lurgeon-Captain J. J. C. Watson, Army Medical Staff, exchanges with Surgeon-Captain J. B. W. Buchanan, who embarked for India on the 24th ultimo.

2nd Punjab Infantry.—Captain A. Wallace to be Second in-Command; Captain L. H Reid to be Wing Commander, remaining seconded; Captain W. B. Mullins, 33rd Punjab Infantry, to be Wing Commander sub pro tem, but remains with the latter Regiment for the present.

The undermentioned have leave of absence:—Captain E. G. Bayliss, East Surrey Regiment, to England, for 9 months. In India—Lieutenant-Colonel J. L. Aberigh-Mackay, 8th Bengal Cavalry; and Major G. D. Stawell, Commandant, Murree Dept, for 60 days; Major G. H. Dyke, Northumberland Fusiliers, for 32 days.

With reference to an item under "Military Notes" in our issue of 18th instant, we are given to understand that Veterinary-Major R. Poyser has arranged an exchange, in anticipation of his promotion to Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel, with Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel H. Thomson, Inspecting Veterinary Officer, Eastern Circle, and will probably assume charge of his office and duties early in February next.

Telephonic communication is to be tried between Berlin and Vienna. At a private trial there were still, Vienna Correspondent says, some disturbing noises. It has been ascertained that the defect is in the line from Berlin to the frontier, whereas the line from Vienna to the frontier works to perfection. Vienna Correspondent adds: "Our telephone system would appear to be the best that exists. Whenever an Englishman has watched me use the telephone his expressions of surprise and delight became quite un-English in their enthusiasm. Not only do we set our watches by the telephone, communicate the latest pun, correct mistakes in pronunciation, but set the boys their work, and correct their mathematics on the little desk fixed to the telephone. The ever willing young ladies at the central office often take a lively interest in what is going on, give us pieces of information we might not otherwise obtain, and lovingly ask how we are when we have not called for a couple of days. The telephone in Vienna is perfection, and the connection with Vienna will perhaps have a good effect on the telephone there, which is generally complained of.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Maharajah Sindhia has, we understand, intimated his desire to continue the investment of 3½ crores in Government securities at the reduced rate of 3½ per cent.

The return of Mr. Robert Crosthwaite to his post as Agent to the Governor-General in Central India depends, we understand, on medical opinion in England as to his fitness to serve again in India. Until this point is settled, the vacant appointment of Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana will not be filled up, with a view to saving further moves hereafter.

There is likely to be a good deal of officiating promotion in the Judicial branch in Bengal during the next few months. Mr. Justice Trevelyan leaves for England on the 8th January, Mr. Justice Amir Ali towards the end of February, Mr. Justice O'Kinealy at the beginning of March, and Mr. Justice Rampini shortly afterwards. Mr. Justice Sale returns about February 20th, and resumes his seat in the High Court.

It is not often that such a tribute is paid to a young lady on the occasion of her marriage as fell to Miss Morris the other day. The spectacle of the Judges of the Calcutta High Court, solemnly rising at two o'clock so as to be able to grace a marriage function is, says the *Indian Daily News*, altogether a most unwonted occurrence, and as such must have impressed the lady who was honoured by such marked attention. The dignity of the Law is, as a rule, impervious to social demands, and even the most imposing of Viceregal entertainments could scarcely be made the excuse for a general exodus of the Judges from their solemn Courts.

The South Indian Railway traffic receipts for the week ending 24th November, 1894, were for passengers, &c., Rs. 71,345-0-5, and for goods, &c., Rs. 74,093-5-9, making altogether Rs. 1,45,438-6-2, or an average receipt per mile of Rs. 139-9-3. During the corresponding week in 1893, the receipts were Rs. 1,20,402-3-9 or an average receipt per mile of Rs. 115-7-0.

The Lahore papers writes "The kindness of heart of the Governor of Bombay and the interest he takes in the minor duties inseparable from his position are well illustrated by the following incident. At the distribution of prizes by his Excellency on the occasion of his visit to Karachi, to the children of the Karachi Grammar School, three children were equally entitled to a prize for regular attendance. As however, there was only one prize two of the competitors were unavoidably disappointed. Before leaving Karachi Lord Harris sent a cheque to the honorary secretary for the benefit of the school, requesting that before any other use was made of the money two prizes, equal in value to that already presented for attendance, should be given to each of the other two deserving candidates."

In Saturday's N.-W. P. *Gazette* a well-deserved encomium is passed on the services of Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Hooper, who, as already announced, retires in a few days from the Civil Surgeoncy of Lucknow, to take up the post of President of the Medical Board at the India Office. Dr. Hooper entered civil employ in these Provinces as far back as 1861. After eleven years' good service in the Jail Department as Superintendent of the Central Prisons of Allahabad and Benares, he was, in September 1874, placed in medical charge of the important station and district of Benares, where the magnificent Prince of Wales' Hospital is a monument of his untiring energy, incharitable medical works as of his personal popularity. In August 1891, as a reward for long and approved service, he was transferred to the Civil Surgeoncy of Lucknow, where he not only earned the approval of the Government, but gained the confidence and affection of all classes of the European and Native communities." Dr. Hooper has been specially thanked, once by the Government of India and eight times by the Local Government, for his excellent work in connection with the supervision of hospitals and other medical institutions. His successor at Lucknow is Surgeon-Lieutenant Colonel McConaughey, at present Civil Surgeon of Allahabad.

It is probable that the Local Meetings will cease to be a feature of the Bengal Presidency Rifle Association's programme from henceforth. Their abolition, it will be remembered, was much discussed a year or two back: but was eventually waived principally in deference to the wishes of the Volunteers. This season, however, the abolitionists have been reinforced by a new argument in the shape of certain eccentricities in the score sheets which suggest that the marking is not equally careful at all stations; and so it is likely that the Local Meetings will go.

General Sir William Lockhart with the Jandula brigade was at Jinjal on Friday, within 9½ miles of Makin. A small party of Waziris hung on the flank of the rear guard, and an attack was made upon a small baggage escort coming up from Jandula, when four camels were killed and others injured.

Dotoi, where it was reported that opposition might be shown, is some four miles beyond Jinjal, at the junction of the two rivers which run past Kaniguram and Makin respectively. As Makin is said to have been evacuated by the tribesmen, it is unlikely that they will fight at Dotoi, and the former place therefore should have been occupied yesterday. Communication with the Wano and Banuu columns should now be an easy matter.

Mme. Jane Hading has, a Paris Correspondent learns, given notice to leave the Theatre Francais when her engagement there expires. This will be at the end of December. M. Claretie tried to induce her to stay. Her last words were "For no consideration, but if you want me to go on a little longer in *Aventurière* I will gladly oblige you." She has signed an engagement with MM. Porel and Carre to appear at the Gymnase in M. Sardou's mediæval drama "La Sorciere."

An incident which took place the other evening in the French Chamber between M. Poincare, Minister of Finance, and M. Rouanet, Socialist member for Paris, is described by a Correspondent. The Minister in the course of a speech, turning to M. Rouanet (French Parliamentary etiquette allows members to name each other), said, "M. Rouanet, you were applauding capitalists a minute ago." M Rouanet retorted, "M. le Ministre, you know very well that you are not speaking the truth." "This sort of interruption," remarked the Minister, "is settled elsewhere." A meeting of seconds took place. It was found that M. Rouanet had not properly heard M. Poincare's words, which were not in the least offensive, and that there was no case for a duel.

Stories of the Czar's courtship of the Czarina continue to circulate. The latest makes out a case of "love at first sight." It is said that the then Czarewitch was about to leave the Palace, having beheld without emotion the other daughters of the Grand Duke of Hesse, when "he was struck to the heart at the sight of a sweet face gazing alone from an upper balcony. 'Who is that beautiful creature?' said he to his companion. 'She is the youngest daughter of the Grand Duke, too young to appear at Court.' The answer threw the Czarewitch into a reverie, and suddenly discovering that the hour was full late to proceed that evening, he turned back, and joined the Grand Duke's family circle, and beheld the young Princess destined to be the arbiter of his fate. The courtship was short, as we all know. Another story has it that Nicholas II. proposed three times before he was accepted.

A Thackeray anecdote is told by Miss Henriette Corkran in *Temple Bar*. One day, when the writer was quite a child, the great man visited their house in Paris, coming into the garden just at the moment that Miss Corkran was openly defying Reine, the nurse, by pouring her soap, which, like that of Augustus, was "nasty," into the ground. Reine, furious, was on the point of reprisals when Mr. Thackerary appeared: "his white hair shone like silver in the sun, his face was rosy, he was smiling. . . . and what a delightful smile he had!" Reine was not to be deterred. "You will go to bed early," she said, "and you will have a piece of dry-bread for supper." But it was not to be. Mr. Thackeray walked slowly to the overturned tureen and tasted the drop that remained. Then he said something to Reine, bade the children put on their things, and drove them to a confectioner's in the Rue de Rivoli, telling them on the way a story of a giant whose bed was made of chocolate. At the confectioner's the children ate tarts, while their good angel went away to make a purchase. On the way back the story of the giant was finished. "After he had licked up the whole of his bedstead . . . he had such a fearful indigestion, but," continued Mr. Thackeray (opening a paper parcel), "he had a dose of this medicine, a bottle of fluid magnesia." At the door the novelist handed the bottle to Reine, with a douceur, and the soup never troubled again.

All visitors to the Zoo will be sorry to hear (Mr. C. J. Cornish writes) that the great Polar bear, of whose portrait by Mr. Gambier Bolton spoke in such high praise when noticing my book, "Life at the Zoo" in "The Daily News" or Friday, Nov. 17th, died exactly a week lates. As this bear was seen and described when a cub by Frank Buckland in December, 1871, it had lived for twenty-three years in the Gardens. Bears are by no means easy animals to rear, the young ones brought to the Zoo being very liable to develop "rickets," and to become paralysed in the hindquarters after a few months in the Gardens. Yet the predecessor of the bear just dead lived in Regent's Park for thirty-six years. The length of life of the larger animals when wild is one of the few unknown factors in natural history. But judging from such data obtained in captivity, it must be considerably greater than is generally credited.

A shocking accident befel a couple named M. and Mme. Stein as they were riding a tandem cycle on the Boulevards in Paris. Their machine caught in a cab wheel in the busy Place de la Republique. Both were thrown down. M. Stein was slightly injured about the hands and knees, but the cab wheel went over Mme. Stein's face, and she received very severe injuries, from which she died. Madame Stein was 28.

It seems that Rubinstein's last appearance in public was at the Bosendorfer Hall, at Vienna, on April 11 of the present year. Herr Bosendorfer is, at any rate, exhibiting in the hall the piano upon which the deceased musician played, and also the concert album in which, in according with the custom of the various artists who have appeared in this building, he inscribed his name as follows: "Anton Rubinstein, 11 April, 1894. For the last, last time," the last five words being underscored thrice. This performance, if we recollect rightly, was for a charity. According to one of the Continental papers, Rubinstein, after his final series of recitals in London, in 1886, deposited in the Bank of England the whole of the proceeds of his tour for the benefit of his children after his death.

In the December "Longman's" Mr. Andrew Lang says he is inclined to think that beasts are still more or less in the stats of paradise and peace. "I have been lately honoured," he says, "by the acquaintance of a cat which lives on friendly and playful terms with a mouse, not a tame pet mouse. They frolic together, and then the mouse returns to its hole. Again, a friend of mine who had several dogs, two young dandies and an old Skye, lately went out to the edge of a wood near his house, where he saw his dogs playing with a fox. They sported together playfully, till the old Skye got wind of the fox, and then 'went for him' with a yowl, whereon the poor fox fled. The young dogs seemed to cherish no unfriendly feeling till the veteran set a bad example. Dogs and cats are not natural enemies; it is we who have corrupted them, and a 'cat and dog life' is even still, often of good example to married people."

Emile Ollivier, "the man of the light heart," who notoriously in the year 1870 took upon himself the responsibility of the disastrous war with Germany, has just issued the first volume of his great historical work, "L'Empire Liberale." He says that it will extend to seven volumes. His reading of the history, which he took a great part in making, as the title shows, will exhibit Napoleon III. in the guise of a Liberal ruler. This is more exact, it seems, to apologise for the last of the Bonapartes than for himself, and he unfolds his view of the prevailing ideas and events under the last Empire which brought about the trial of strength with Germany. He stoutly denies that France was the real aggressor. "I shall clearly prove," says he, "that France the year 1870 was no more aggressive than she was in the years 1792 and 1806; but that in this age, as in that, she was forced into war for the defence of her own independence."

It seems probable (says the *World*) that the case of Zebehr Pasha will be brought before Parliament next Session. His property was originally confiscated on the ground that he had written certain letters inciting the Soudanese to rebellion against General Gordon. He has always disputed the authenticity of these letters, and alleged they were forgeries. In 1884 General Gordon promised him, and the promise was backed by the British authorities at Cairo, that if he was not responsible for these letters he should be compensated. Instead, however, of being compensated, he was taken off the same year to Gibraltar, and kept there for nearly three years. He was never tried, nor was any accusation lodged against him. All he now asks for is a properly constituted tribunal to try him. On Sept. 22, 1883, Sir Samuel Baker wrote: "I have always considered that Zebehr was unjustly treated. If a charge was made against him it should have been proved. If guilty, he should have been punished; if innocent, he should have been acquitted. But instead of legal fairplay, he has been treated as a suspect, and condemned unheard and undefended." No man had a more intimate knowledge of Egypt and the Soudan than Sir Samuel Baker, and had his advice been attended to by the Foreign Office and the British officials in Cairo, the *World* has no doubt that most of the clamities which have occurred would have been avoided.

A remarkable story figures in a Paris letter in the *Telegraph*, which says that the idea of a man standing as sentry, with the rank of a private, at the door of the very mansion in which he had lived as a Minister and saluting his successor as he entered, appears too improbable to be considered even in a moment, even by the most imaginative. Yet we are told such an adventure really occurred in the case of Victor Duruy, who was for years Minister of Public Instruction during the Empire, and has just been gathered to his fathers. It was on a September evening in 1870. A soldier in the uniform of the National Guard was pacing up and down, rifle on shoulder, in front of this Ministry, his breast adorned with the "plaque" of a Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour. Presently the new Minister of Public Instruction arrived. It was M. Jules Simon, to whom his predecessor, as sentinel, presented arms as in duty bound. He recognised the soldier, and exclaimed, "What! Is that you, Duruy?" "It is I," was the answer. "A private soldier?" added M. Jules Simon in his amazement. "Exactly so. Que voulez-vous? One cannot be a Minister for ever," replied the sentry. "Well, I see that one can always set an example," said M. Jules Simon, admiringly.

In Gaborian's novel Les Esclaves de Paris, there is a graphic description of the ragged brigade of the petits Savoyards and the villainous individual who owned the troop and let them out. He used to meet these small "outwanderers" on their arrival at the Gare de Lyon, at Paris, conduct them to some vile slum lodging, and there starve and beat them daily till they were able to earn his living and their own existence by the arts of street-singing, organ-playing, rope-walking, pilfering, &c. A humble imitator of this hero has just been found at Paris—Alexandre Pignolet. This person buys the *Petit Mall* and went about charitably seeking little boys in in rags, who had, says the report, ni sou, ni maille, ni fen, ni lieu, ni Dieu. These deficiencies M Pignolet undertook to supply. The unfortunate child then entered his ragged regiment, the duties being stealing, begging, minstrelsy, opening carriage doors, &c. The profits were board and lodging—cellar and mouldy bread. The impressario claimed two francs per day from each member, and, if these were not forthcoming, "beat them till they were sick." It is satisfactory to learn that M. Pignolet has been transferred in a conveyance which the lively Parisian calls a salad basket, to a lodging named the "Violin."

Sir David Patrick Chalmers has definitely resigned the Chief Justiceship of British Guiana—a position he has held with much distinction for the past sixteen years. The local journals contain a letter of farewell, written from Edinburgh, where Sir David is now living, to the judiciary and the Bar of the Colony. Sir David Chalmer is the son of

selves, and is criticised by their political opponents. The administrative service under them consists of three ranks, the Imperial civil service, the Provincial civil service, and the subordinate services. The first is the supreme directive service of the empire, composed of men recruited by public competition, with the exception made in 1870 by Statute 33 Vict. cap. 3, which allows the appointment to certain offices of natives of India of approved merit and ability without having entered the service by the door of public competition. This Imperial service is now reduced to the smallest dimensions possible. It numbers less than a thousand, and, excluding those serving in Burma or learning their work, the average charge of each civil officer is 1,004 square miles, with control over a population of 274,279. So long as India is to be governed according to a British standard of administration, the retention of this irreducible minimum of public offices in British lands seems inevitable. In the higher provincial services some 2,600 persons are employed, of whom, as reported by a recent commission, only 40 were Europeans, not being natives of India. In the subordinate services, out of 114,150 appointments tabulated by the same commission, 97 per cent. were held by natives of India. The permanent British official element in India, with its 221,000,000 of British subjects, and its 66,000,000 of protected subjects of Native States, is therefore represented by some 765 British officials, selected by public competition in London. Who are these men upon whom the progressive administration of India under its viceroy and governors depends? They are gathered in by open competition from every class of British society. They include representatives of all our public and private schools, all our universities and training institutions. They carry to India every shade of political profession and religious sect. They return to Europe to mix on furlough with every variety of thought and sentiment. They represent no personal policy of an emperor, they are educated in no single Haileybury College, they are not the sons or *protégés* of previous Indian officials, and the only source from which they draw a common inspiration is our many-sided British life, with its insularity corrected by commerce and intercourse with the world. Nor is their individuality reduced at a later stage to a common denomination. The exigencies of the public service admit of no restrictions on their free development when they arrive in India. The small contingent of recruits which year by year reaches Bombay is at once scattered through the empire. The departments of the public service, judical, executive, finance, and magisterial, tend to develop a still further variety of view and temperament. The minute parties into which British official society is broken up in India prevent any uniform solidarity, whether of prejudice or preference. Independence is secured by the conditions under which the service is entered, and its promotion gained. There is an honourable consciousness that the official owes his appointment to no personal favour, and that he is devoted to the service of the State for his lifetime. The phrase which is sometimes used by an Anglo-Indian bureaucracy, seems to me singularly inappropriate to a few hundred officials gathered from all parts and parties of the home market, plunged at once into isolated stations in vast India, and allotted to different tasks in its complicated and multiform administration. Of politics, in the British sense, the Indian civilian happily knows nothing. His choice of a party is usually reserved till he retires from the service. His duty is owed to no imperial master, but to Great Britain, and his loyalty is rendered to the changing viceroys or the governors whom the various parties at home despatch to India. Let us now look at the centre whence these officials draw their instructions. The improvements of communication keep the Indian civilian in contact with the drift of public opinion at home. His knowledge of the people of India and of their life compels him, however, to adjust the views of England to the facts of India.

To that extent he may seem to an impatient reformer to lag behind the spirit of the age. In these days of the telegraph there is a hurry and a general readiness to jump to conclusions of importance. The British nation dislikes suspense and indefinite conclusions, it forgets at times that the mind must be shaken free from our insular experience, and it is apt to be impatient of the laborious process of gathering evidence and facts. The forces which move Indian society are not those which have emerged from our constitutional struggles and our free social life. The Indian officials have not ceased to be British because they serve their country in the East, nor has the variety of their early training and subsequent associations suddenly converged into a uniform opposition to British ideas. They are not the subservient creatures of Imperial policy, recognising, as the Roman governor did, that all authority was either exercised by the Emperor or visibly proceeded from his prerogatives. The catch-phrase, "Anglo-Indian," suggests too hastily an idea of homogeneity which does not exist. The Indian civil servant must watch two barometers of public opinion, and he does not cease to sympathise with British aims, as is sometimes imputed to him, because he is compelled to feel the pulse of Indian opinion. May I humbly venture to impress upon a London audience their responsibility, as well as that of my own service, for the conduct of Indian affairs? In the last resort Indian officials must obey the mandate of British opinion. The power which the Roman emperors, so centrally situated, could exercise through their legates and subordinates upon the fortunes of the provinces, was not more potent than that which Parliament can bring to bear on India notwithstanding its greater distance from the centre. The discoveries of steam and telegraph have given public opinion here a grip upon India. Let it not be said that the interests of one-fifth of the world's reputed population are subordinated to the selfish objects of political parties at home, or to those of our national trade. The spell by which we have held the Indian empire is the belief in our justice and generosity, and at this moment the question is being anxiously debated in India, whether the interests of Manchester will outweigh those of 287,000,000 of your Indian fellow-subjects. Hitherto India, governed as she is by men carefully selected by examinations held in this city, has regarded public opinion in England with its free Press and its Parliament as its surest defence, and a shock would be given to our rule if anything occurred to weaken its confidence in the virtue that proceeds from this centre of British power.

I have dealt with the *personnel* of our officials, with their aims and the control of British public opinion, but there remains one feature which emphasises the contrast between the Roman and the British Indian empires. I refer to the character of India itself. The Roman nowhere outside the small country of Greece encountered the resistance which Indian society presents to the impact of Western civilisation. India is a continent not merely of conservative institutions and of passionate religious feeling, but it has a developed civilisation of its own in violent antithesis to the liberal institutions and freedom of this country. The flashes on the surface, the congress meetings, and the repetition from Press and platform of familiar cries and catchwords borrowed from the London Press are not India. Of the male population numbering 146,750,000 only 14,500,000 are learning, or have ever learnt, to read or write. Of 140,500,000 of females not 750,000 can be similarly classified. Despite superficial appearances the soil of India has hitherto presented an ironbound resistance to European influence. Anxious, as we all are, for social reform, we must not misread the earnest appeals of a few Indian reformers, who turn wistfully to England for a support that is denied to them by their own countrymen, or the exaggerated utterances of a young Press, which needs the indulgence usually accorded to undergraduate eloquence. We carried the abolition of *suttee*, and, more recently, the age of Consent Act, against the weight of Indian public opinion. Were our power removed, widows would again be born on their husbands' pyres. The recent outburst of religious riots tells the old story. It is the escape of flames which smoulder beneath the crust of the *pax Britannica*; and if the country was not disarmed, the streets of Bombay and Poona would lately have flowed with blood. The Romans nowhere met with such a power of passive resistance as our civilisation encounters in India, with its village organisation, its widespread ignorance, with the hold which its superstitions and faiths exercise on the public mind, and with the confusion of its 81 languages. The position is aptly described by Matthew Arnold in lines which, though applied by him to Rome, are more correctly applicable to the India of to-day:—

> The East bow'd low before the blast
> In patient, deep disdain;
> She let the legions thunder past,
> And plunged in thought again.

The Western yeast has no doubt begun to work, but the ferment has at present reached only the surface of a corner of soil ty. The conservative forces of native society are a factor in the present situation with which Indian officials must deal, and British opinion must recognise their force.

I must now pass on to the next division of my subject, the contrast between Roman and British policy in

(To be continued.)

THE journal which invented the expression Book Market has been outstripped by "The Bookman." "The Bookman" adopts the language of the stock and share market, boldly, and without reserve. Its monthly reports on the book business read exactly like reports of the City Editor. There is "stagnation" here, a "brisk demand" there, a "phenomenal sale somewhere else. The adaptation of the language of stocks and shares to books is not perfect just yet. But it may be soon. Then shall we read how buyers "rush" into Socials as they rush into tallow, how philosophicals are flat, how historicals show signs of a rise, and politicals signs of a headlong fall; and the moralists shall pitch into the bulls and bears—the critics, to wit. Just now, because the local elections are about to come off there ought to be a run on parochials—indeed "The Bookman" says there is a lively demand. After the elections the market for parochials will doubtless become weak. We learn from "The Bookman" that the little Japs are "buying as freely as ever" in technicals, and books of the engineering and practical arts generally—which is just what we should expect of a people whose Admirals are just now making such a splash in the world. Next we come to an announcement which stirs memories of the days of the youth. "Redskin" stories, we learn to our delight from our friend "the Bookman," are still in request. Long may Chingachgook hold his own, and the ghost of Fenimore Cooper be spared the disappointment of a tight market! But we must wind up. The "Bookman" says that two hundred six shilling novels have been "offered" to the trade the present season. We hope the investments are sound.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP—Pure, Safe, and Emollient.—This essentially complexion soap is most agreeable and beneficial to use especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure to land or sea. It is very pleasant, and leaves the skin delightfully soft and velvety. It is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet, and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Creates lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

THE BARODA COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, DEC. 23.

THE reading of Mr. Bapat's written evidence will most likely be finished on Monday next.

Mr. Gokhle, while reading the defence, on Thursday, stated that he would put in, in connection with the defence, certain papers from the official records as part of the defence.

Mr. Branson said that he had no objection to these papers going in as bits of papers, but if it was intended to use them as proof of any matter therein mentioned, the documents must be duly proved. He mentioned the matter to guard against its being supposed that, because he allowed the documents to go in he admitted the truth of their contents.

Mr. Gokhle, continuing the reading of the defence, stated that the documents put in by the prosecution in the Vyaseshwar case, but imperfectly gave the story of the case, and that therefore his client had called for certain papers, but the prosecution required the documents to be specified, and notice being given. Mr. Kanga, in reference to the above statement stated that if any complaint was intended to be made it was unfounded. A notice was received at about 10 o'clock, yesterday, which was Sunday, stating that Mr. Gokhle's client would attend for inspection of certain papers between 2 and 5 p.m., apart from the appointment having been made on a Sunday, when the harkins at ending the inspection could not be present the notice was perfectly vague, no particular papers being specified. Nor even any particular case being referred to when there were hundreds of papers connected with the different cases. Then the time for inspection was appointed without any reference to the prosecution or their convenience, and even no definite time was fixed. Mr. Bapat might attend between 2 and 5, so that he might attend, say, five minutes before 5 and claim to be in time the prosecution must attend and wait from 2 to 5. They could not thus be expected to dance attendance on Bapat, and it was quite reasonable to expect that the documents required must be specified, and timely notice of inspection given. Mr. Gokhle replied that all the papers were in the solicitor's office, where his client could go for inspection, and no previous notice was necessary.

The President: I at least do not understand what the complaint is.

Mr. Gokhle: Our complaint is that only some papers of the Vyaseshwar case were produced, but there are papers relating to the enquiry that followed, and there must be other papers, but they are not there. We can prove that all the papers are not in the tumar.

The President: The tumars seem to be kept like that. Some papers might perhaps be missing, but how can you say they are particularly kept back?

Mr. Gokhle: From the papers already in court, we infer that certain further proceedings must have taken place, but they are not to be found in the tumar.

Mr. Kanga: Some papers have been kept apart at the special request of Mr. Bapat himself, and they are in court.

The President: Have you searched the tumar.

Mr. Gokhle: Yes, we have, and we find that certain papers which ought to exist are not there. Your honors have experience of official records, and you can see in what a disarranged state the papers are.

Mr. Kanga: The disarrangement, if any, is quite natural. The papers have been so often inspected by Bapat, and in course of such inspection must get disarranged. Even now Mr. Bapat was inspecting papers in court, and putting them in again in the tumar, and taking them out again as he required, and how can we be responsible for such disarrangement?

Mr. Gokhle: I simply say that certain papers which we will produce will show that some other proceedings must have taken place, the papers relating to which ought to have been in the tumar.

The President: Can you mention an instance?

Mr. Gokhle: For instance, the statement of the clerk bearing same date as Exhibit 68, which would have been found along with it had the papers been in proper order and not been there.

The President: The paper is here in the court file as part of the exhibit already put in.

Mr. Gokhle: Then we may have committed a mistake.

Mr. Branson: It is to be hoped that the defence will now use a little more decency in their allegations against the prosecution. I have never heard anything more scandalous. It is a deliberate mis-statement, one of a series of such mis-statements and reckless insinuations.

Mr. Gokhle: The paper was not to be seen in the exhibits as printed, but we shall prove that some papers are not in the tumar.

The President: Hitherto this has not been done.

Mr. Gokhle: If we fail to prove our statements, they may be rejected.

The President: Mr. Gokhle you made all this row about a paper which is actually on the file of the court, and suggested that the prosecution had kept it back. This is not right. The whole of your statement will be printed and read, and if the strong statements against the state prosecution are not proved, the court will not only set them aside but will consider its duty to express its opinion in equally strong language.

Mr. Gokhle: The prosecution would have been fair to the defence if they had put in all the papers.

Mr. Kothare: There would be something in your complaint if the prosecution had not allowed you to inspect all the papers, or place them at your disposal; but you have the whole bundle before you, and you may use such of them as you like for your case.

Mr. Gokhle: But it would have been fair to the defence if the prosecution had put in all the papers.

The President: I don't agree with you there. If the prosecution had done so, you would have said they have gone into antiquarian research, as you have already stated in your defence. The prosecution are entitled to put in such papers as they thought bear on their case, and it would simply be absurd to expect them to put in all papers, and if they had done so, we should have prevented them.

Mr. Kanga: I may remind your honours that our counsel, the Hon'ble Mr. Mehta, when putting in our exhibits more than once offered to the defence that he would himself put in any of the other papers which the defence wished him to do as his own exhibits.

The President: Yes, it is so.

The reading of the defence was then continued.

A FRENCH "WOMAN'S BOOK."

ALEXANDRE DUMAS' PREFACE.

ANOTHER "Woman's Book" has come into the market. In some respects (says the Paris correspondent of the "Daily News") it has the same fount of inspiration as The Story of an African Farm and The Heavenly Twins. The hero, if such a name can be given him, is a well-known personage of Paris fa' shionable life. The author is the Countess Apraxine.

It is said her novel has a couple of keys. M. Dumas fils furnished it with a preface in the nature of mustard before meat. It, however, differs from pure mustard in giving a foretaste of the story. Les Deux Passions. You were, he says, right in trying to paint the disastrous consequences which love for a weak, characterless man may bring upon a woman. The consequences are the most terrible when the man is in society, his nullity, veiled over by education and the idleness of the class in which he lives, affording a fine soil for the growth of his whims and vices. I say 'in trying to paint,' not because anything can be added to your portrait of a self-enamoured Narcissus, who unfortunately does not find the satisfaction he wants in his selfish passion, but because it is as hard to subject him to analysis as it is to make a statue out of a fleeting cloud. The provoking interest that such a personage gives rise to, whether in real life or in your book, is that he is always slipping from beneath the glass. One has scarcely laid one's hand or one's eyes upon him when he gets away. He unwittingly, and without seeking to do so, undergoes a thousand metamorphoses. He is at the mercy of the first wind that blows, or of the first freak of passion that impels him. Should I say 'passion?' No; it does not fit such a personage. 'Passion' implies a motion of the soul, a struggle, a victory of the senses, of the imagination, of fatality, over the individual, after a resistance whether long or short. One is to look for nothing of the sort in your fashionable and self-adoring man or 'anthropomorph.' He follows the first current in which he can see his own reflection. It is all one to him whether it flows into the sea, or into a sewer, for he is destitute of moral sense. He does not feel the need of it. The instinct of self preservation takes its place, and triumphs over every other feeling. All that he asks of life is sensations. Wherever he hopes to find them, there he goes. So long as he continues finding them, there he stays. Immediately he scents a sensation elsewhere, off he goes to enjoy it, without any care for consequences or for his change of place or anyone else. He is sometimes taken for a Don Juan. This is paying him too great a compliment. He is not the man to invite the Commander to sup with him, for at bottom he is a coward. To those who have not the insight, this pernicious being is a most seductive person. As he makes it his business to please and to enjoy, he has always delightful manners, and keeps under all circumstances a smiling face. Every woman seeks in the man she loves a protector and a slave. As your personage has a manly air, the woman whom he fascinates imagines she will find in him a brave defender. What woman ever doubted the courage of the man she loved, even though she loved? This affinity being hates the fatigue of argument or of expressing an opinion; so he consents to everything, no matter what, that any woman says to him, so long as she is amusing. She thus fancies she has found in him the realisation of her double ideal, but she finds she has looked for solidity in froth. She has ceased to please and off he has gone, leaving behind dishonour, disappointment, the death of the soul, and, as you have shown, the other death as well. May God preserve all confiding women from weak men!—Alexandre Dumas fils."

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th December, 1894, on 17·28 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated).	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	800	300	10	910
Or per mile of half-way	23	17	1	53
For proportion of 23 weeks of half-year.	2,516	4,780	85	18,381
Total for 23 weeks...	3,116	5,082	95	14,291
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	338	459	2	799
Per mile of ditto do.	21	28	....	49
Total to corresponding date	780	1,623	8	2,583

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 111
Ditto to date ..... " 11,708

SAVES TIME AND MONEY.—Munk's Pulmonicon is a sure cure for troublesome hacking, dry or humid cough, cold, bronchitis and other Pulmonary diseases. Acts as a charm in relieving congested mucous membrane of the throat and Wind Pipe. As. 12, of MADON, SONS & Co.

LORD ROSEBERY ON LATTER-DAY POLITICS.

LORD ROSEBERY, speaking on Nov 30, as the guest of the Edinburgh Merchant Company, at their 213th anniversary dinner, and replying to the toast of "Her Majesty's Ministers, said he was sure that in drinking this toast they had not in mind any particular set of advisers of the Queen, but generally the continuity of the Government of this country. He was a citizen, always ready to play his part as such. He supposed they would agree with him in thinking that social questions so increasingly would play a part in the politics of the day, and even to the exclusion of questions already before the public, which must yield in interest. He would go further, and say that these social problems, if examined from the point of view of high principle and high conscience must to some extent disintegrate the party divisions as they at present exist. Thus those who entered party life at a later stage than himself regarded politics not from the old point of view of Whig or Tory or whatever it might be; but with an anxiety to see how best they may raise the common condition of the country and so best appeal to the entire constituency which since 1885 has held a predominance in this country:—

I am sometimes fearful, continued Lord Rosebery, lest in the complication of the politics of recent years parties should be divided less perpendicularly than they used to be, but more horizontally, as there is a danger of their being. I sometimes have the fear that all the men of wealth and material interest and prosperity may join one party, and so make one party the party of the haves, and the other party the party of the have-nots. I use the words which I am going to use in no political sense, but there will be no true Conservatism in such a proceeding. I speak not as a Minister, I speak not as the leader of a party; I speak, if I may say it, as a patriot. I do not ask you to support me or my Ministry. A Ministry, after all, occupies but a short time in the history of a nation or of a century. But what is not a matter of a short time in the history of a nation or a century, what is not a matter of insignificance is this, that the nation should be able to see things from a broad point of view, that the best men in a nation should weigh politics, not from a merely partisan but from a serious and far-seeing point of view. When the general elections in which the nation decides on its destinies for a certain time, takes place, what I say is that all should take part in it, and that all should weigh well the issues presented. I do not ask you to support me when the time comes, what I do ask is this—that you as men interested in this city and in this country should resolve from high conscientious and well considered motives not to abstain from political life, not to view political life as a sword as it is viewed in some States which people do well to keep off but to view it as the highest calling of men in this country as one to which you must devote your best energies and from which if you honestly and conscientiously give your attention to it we may expect the best results.

"THE PEOPLE" AND THE PEERS.

Sir Charles Dilke, replying to a question about his recent speech at Tunstall, says:—"I do not consider that we show ourselves to be in earnest so long as we create peers, and until we make up our minds as to whether we want a strong Second House or no Second House at all. I have never hesitated to express the opinion that the present House, of Lords is less dangerous to advanced views than would be a newly-constructed one."

Mr. Matthews, speaking at Birmingham, on Dec 4, said Lord Rosebery and his colleagues evidently did not mean to do away with a Second Chamber; he meant to keep an hereditary Chamber but one that was to be reduced to absolute impotence, while the despotism of the House of Commons was to be established, which meant the despotism of the Government and their wirepullers.

Mr. Balfour, addressing a great Unionist meeting at Nottingham, on Dec. 5, accused the Government and the Prime Minister of having introduced for the first time into English politics the pernicious principle of considering institutions, not on their merits but as they affected particular organisations to which their political opponents belonged:—

A revolutionary Government, he said was, from the nature of the case, a short-living Government, for the people would not tolerate at the head of their affairs any body of men who regarded it as their chief function to overturn the institutions of their country. Before any revolutionising of our institutions was undertaken, he said, the people had a right, first, to have it clearly shown wherein the existing institutions had failed; secondly, the object in view in making any alteration; and, thirdly, what institution it was intended to put in the place of that which it was proposed to destroy. He denied that the members of the Ministry who had spoken on the subject had made out any case for the abolition of the House of Lords, and proceeded to contend that a Second Chamber is absolutely necessary in this country and that, especially during the tenure of office of the present Ministry the House of Lords has adequately performed the functions of such Chamber. At present the country was being treated to a spectacle discreditable to English statesmanship—that of a Cabinet which has started a revolutionary movement, which it could not, and scarcely cared to control. He did not beleive the country would allow the Constitution to become the plaything of wire-pullers.

When Parliament met he said he should insist on Middlers the bringing forward their resolution on the House of Lords before going on with other legislation.

Lord Spencer, in a speech at Wolverhampton, on Dec 5, observed that the leader of the Conservative party of the day really settle whether a great measure which had passed the House of Commons should pass the House of Lords. That was not right where the affairs of a great country were concerned. It was a danger to put in the hands of one man, although at times assisted by counsellors, the power of throwing out a measure which had received the support of another place. They knew that Lord Rosebery had promised but it was impossible to say what the resolution to be proposed anent the House of Lords would be, or to expose the policy of the Government.

Mr H Fowler, at Wolverhampton, on Dec 5, contended that the practical issue was not at present whether there should be one or two Chambers but the readjustment of the relations between the two House. This was what was needed, and what would be attempted.

Mr. Labouchere speaking at Norwich, on Dec. 5, said the Radicals of this country were of opinion that it was about time the House of Lords should be taken before the tribunal of the people, should be judged, and should be executed.

THE BRIGG ELECTION.

The nomination of candidates for the representation of the Brigg Division of Lincolnshire, in place of Mr. Waddy, Q.C., the new Recorder of Sheffield, took Place on Saturday, the candidates being Mr. J. M. Richardson (C) and Mr. H. J. Reckitt (R). The polling takes place today (Tuesday).

Alderman Dillon was on Dec. 1, re-elected Lord Mayor of Dublin and Councillor Meade (Parnellite) was elected Mayor of Cork.

AN ARTIST'S EARLY STRUGGLES.

INTERESTING REMINISCENCES OF MR. STACY MARKS.

MR. H. STACY MARKS, R.A., lecturing at Langham place, on Nov 15, described himself as a Londoner, born in 1829. His father was bred to the law; his grandfather was a coachbuilder, on the very site now occupied by that hall. The grandfather died before middle age, and the father had then to take the helm of the coachmaking business. In due time he (Mr. Stacy Marks) was also put to the business, but he was as much out of place as if he had been suddenly called upon to command the Channel Fleet. The love of drawing, which was with him as a child, increased year by year, and he spent his evenings at one of the only two private art schools then in London. Such schools could now be numbered by hundreds. Afterwards he became a student at the Royal Academy, and in 1852 was able to study for five or six months in Paris. Returning to England, he lived from hand to mouth, as it were, painting pictures at a few shillings each; made diagrams for lecturers, and got some wood drawing for a publication called the Home Circle, which soon afterwards came to grief. He even became a professor of drawing to a literary institution; but the number of students was so small, and the fees so low, that the remuneration, like Bob Sawyer's annual profits, could be placed in a wine-glass and covered with a gooseberry leaf. His first oil picture was a single figure of Dogberry, the immortal constable in "Much Ado about Nothing." In this case he was fortunate enough to find a model exactly realising his conception of the character, and to his delight the picture was hung at the Academy under the line, and in a capital place next to Holman Hunt's "Strayed Sheep." The exhibition had not been open a week when he sold the picture, with a considerable reduction for cash, to a City stockbroker. On reaching home at the end of that exciting day he emptied his pockets of the sovereigns he had received in change for the cheque and placed them in a row where his mother could not fail to see them in the morning. He had sold many a picture since, but never one with so much pleasure and satisfaction. From 1853 to 1880 he was represented on the walls of the Royal Academy without a break. Selling an occasional picture was not sufficient to keep the potboiling, so he (Mr. Marks) still did as much wood-drawing as he could obtain, and drifted into designing for stained glass windows, it was while engaged in church decoration in Italy that he undertook to paint for Mr. E. Akroyd "The Franciscan Sculptor and His Model." That work was his first real success, and his relatives, who had all along set their faces against his becoming an artist, suddenly changed their note and appeared to think that he had struck a gold mine. It was while painting Chaucer's "Canterbury Pilgrims" for the Duke of Westminster at Eaton that he received the important commission that had ever had for birds; and those birds at Eaton led easily to birds in general and to his learning to love, watch, and study them at the Zoological Gardens and elsewhere. Though always fond of animals, it was not till he was over thirty that he seriously thought of birds as a field for artistic treatment. In art study and unflagging work, with singleness of purpose, was the one thing needful to ensure success. Imitation should not be mistaken for capacity, nor should they be led away by the tricks and fashions of schools or studios. The "new" painting was but a thing of to-day. The art of Titian and of Velasquez had stood the test of criticism for centuries, and was still hard to beat, if it was old-fashioned. Above all, let aspiring artists be individual and avoid imitations of any popular painter of the day.

HONOURS OF ANTWERP.—The Diploma of Honour (which is a higher distinction than a gold medal) has been conferred upon the exhibit of Mr. Edward Vaughan-Jones, of London and Glasgow, at the Antwerp Exhibition. The exhibit comprised Mr. E. Vaughan-Jones's Special Reserve Scotch Whiskies, together with samples of Mr. E. Vaughan-Jones's Standard Old Tom and Dry Gin, Ginger Brandy, Orange Bitters, etc., all of which are bottled for the Export Trade by Messrs. Chas. Day and Co., of 17, Water Lane, London, E.C. Mr. Vaughan-Jones's brand of Special Reserve Scotch may be taken as a standard sample of the Scotch Whisky now most in favour with connoisseurs.

At Antwerp International Exhibition Messrs. John Jameson and Son's Whisky has been awarded "The Grand Prize." Messrs. Charles Day, London, are the sole export bottling agents of the famous Dublin firm and their cases, so well known in the Colonial, Indian and foreign markets, afford to consumers the means of obtaining the Whisky of the leading distillers in absolute perfection and purity, which is largely appreciated.

THE *LONDON GAZETTE*.

THE ARMY.

WAR OFFICE, PALL-MALL, DEC. 4.

Dorsetshire Regt.—Lieut.-Gen and Hon Gen H R Browne to be Colonel, vice Major-Gen and Hon Lieut-Gen R J Eagar, C B, deceased.

Royal Horse Guards—The surname of Capt J Burns-Hartopp, whose retirement was notified in the "Gazette" of Nov 20, 1894, should be as now, and not as previously, described.

2nd Dragoons—Lieut J H Houldsworth resigns his commission.

7th Hussars—The seconding of Lieut the Hon R H Marsham for service on the Staff is antedated to Sept 4, 1893. The promotion to the rank of Lieutenant of Sec Lieut J Vaughan is antedated to Sept 4, 1893, vice the Hon RH Marsham. Sec Lieut F W Wormald to be Lieutenant, vice C W Firebrace, resigned.

17th Lancers.—Major C H Purvis retires on retired pay. Capt E B Herbert to be Major, vice C H Purvis.

19th Hussars.—Major C B H Jenkins has been permitted to assume the surname of Wolseley in addition to and before that of Jenkins.

Royal Artillery.—The promotion of Lt-Col H D Buchanan-Dunlop, which was notified in the "Gazette" of May 8, 1894, is antedated to Dec 9, 1893; but without increase of pay prior to Jan 1, 1895. The following officers are seconded:—Capt J C Wray, for service as Adjutant of the Honourable Artillery Company; Lieut N G Barron, for service as an Adjutant of Volunteer Artillery. Capt J A Labalmondiere, from the Seconded List, to be Captain, vice J C Wray, seconded. Capt W J Napier, from the Seconded List, to be supernumerary to the establishment. The following Sec-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants:—A H Ollivant, K J Kincaid-Smith, E F Corbett, C G Pritchard, H E Molesworth, H C Hall, R O Marton, H C T Hildyard, J G Austin, C F Phipps, S F Gosling, B Atkinson.

Royal Engineers.—Lieut H Sloggett to be Captain, vice O E Ruck, promoted.

LINE BATTALIONS.

Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regt).—Capt J G King-King to be Adjutant, vice Lieut T T Pell, whose period of service in that appointment has expired.

Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regt.)—Major G Deane retires on retired pay; Capt A Nugent to be Major, vice G Deane.

Norfolk Regt—Capt B de M Leathes is placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health.

Lincolnshire Regt—Lieut A Jenkins resigns his commission; Qmr and Hon Capt H Hunt is placed on retired pay.

Devonshire Regt—Lieut W B Lauder is seconded for service in the Ordnance Store Department.

Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Infantry).—Capt R E Corbett retires from the service receiving a gratuity, with permission to retain his rank and wear the prescribed uniform.

East Yorkshire Regt—Lieut A J Cureton is placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health

Leicestershire Regt—Lieut-Col C F W Moir, on completion of four years' service in command of a battalion, is placed on half-pay.

Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers—The promotion to the rank of Lieutenant of Sec Lieut E E Preston is cancelled, that officer having been transferred to the Indian Staff Corps with an anterior date.

East Surrey Regt—Lieut R N Pochin to be Captain, vice H A Adley, seconded for service in the Ordance Store Dedartment; Lieut F L A Packman is seconded for service in the Ordnance Store Department.

Border Regt—Qmr and Hon Capt G Ruth is placed on retired pay.

Princess Charlotte of Wales's Royal Berkshire Regt—Major St G J Rathbone is placed on retired pay.

King's Royal Rifle Corps—Capt N N Bedingfield is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Volunteers.

Seaforth Highlanders Doss-Shire Buffs, the Duke of Albany's—Qmr and Hon Capt P Campbell retires on retired pay.

Prince of Wales's Leinster Regt (Royal Canadians).—The following Lieutenants are seconded for service with the Indian Staff Corps;—A G G Sharp and A V Searle.

Rifle Brigade (the Prince Consort's Own).—Lt Col and Col the Hon N G Lyttelton is placed on half-pay on appointment to the Staff.

West India Regt—Gent Cadet G E Hewett, from the R M College, to be Second Lieutenant, in succession Lieut F C Tregear, seconded.

Army Service Corps.—The following Captains to be Majors, to complete establishment:—R W F Monteith and C E Wyncoll. The following Lieutenants to be captains:—A K Seccombe, vice P W B Landon, promoted; E E Carter, vice R W F Monteith; C Ryan, vice C E Wyncoll, D K E Hall, H W Dickson, H Davies, and C S Dodgson, to complete establishment. Qmr and Hon Capt W Wisbart is placed on retired pay.

Staff.—Col the Hon N G Lyttelton, from Lieut Colonel half-pay, to be an Assistant Adj General at Headquarters, and to have the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army, vice Col C Gurrow, C B, whose period of service in that appointment has expired. Lieut-Col and Col W B Warner Madras Cavalry to be a Colonel on the Staff in India, and to have the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army, vice Col (Brigadier-General in India) J H Prendergast, C S I, appointed to command a second-class district in Iula.

Army Chaplains' Department—The Rev A Malim, M A, Caplain to the Forces Second Class, to be Chaplain to the Forces First Class.

Army Medical Staffe.—Surg-Capt F T Skerrett, F R C S I, is placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health.

Ordnance Store Department—The following Lieutenants are temporarily attached for duty:—W B Lauder, the Devonshire Regt: F L A Packman, the East Surrey Regt.

Brevet.—Lieut-Col A W Morris, half-pay, to be Colonel.

Memoranda.—Major Gen. T. Graham, C.B., Royal (late Bengal), Artillery, retires on a pension with extra annuity (Col. with the temporary rank of Major-Gen, A Walker, CSI, Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, Director-General of Ordnance in India, to be Major-General, vice Major-Gen T Graham, CB Col D Blood, CB, from Lieutenant-Colonel half-pay Royal Engineers, is granted the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army as Superintending Engineer in the Military Works Department, Indian Lt-Col and Brevet Col J T Marsh, half-pay Royal Engineers, retires on retired pay. Lt-Col C Strahan, CSI, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, is granted the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army as Deputy Surveyor-General, Survey of India Department Lieut-Col W R Hanson-Crawford, on completion of his period of service as Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, is placed on half-pay Major H P Picot, I S C, is granted the temporary rank of Lieut-Colonel whilst employed as Military Attache to Her Majesty's Legation in Phrsia Cape B de M Leathes, half-pay, is placed on retired pay Lieut J H de B Harris, half-pay, is placed on retired pay.

Army Medical Reserve of Officers—Surg Lieut C Boyd, 3rd vol Batt the Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regt.) to be Surgeon Lieutenant.

THE NAVY.

APPOINTMENTS.

Rear Admiral—E C Drummond, to be Commander in-Chief on the East Indies Station (Jan 15, 1895).

Commander—M Napier, to Wild Swan (Dec 6).

Lieutenants—D St A P Weston, S Sladen, W H Dixon, R N Lloyd, W D Champion, to Wild Swan (Dec 6); H M W P Johnson, to President, additional for compass course (Dec 1); E F Gregory, to Albacore (N) (Dec 6); E P Chapman, to Renard, in command, undated; W H Boys, to Warspite (G); L Helsey, to Boscawen (Dec 3); C V Smith, to the Hydrographic Department (Dec 4); W L B Molyneux, to Alexandra (Dec 9); C Mure, to Tyne, W H F Montanaro, to Caledonia (Dec 5); M B Fowke, to Melampus (Dec 7).

Chief Engineers—E T Ellis, to Marathon, J M Downer, to Cossack Dec 6.

Midshipman—J F Warton, to Vivid Dec 1.

Fleet Engineer—E R Vine, to Pembroke, additional (Nov 30).

Staff Engineers—J P Blewett to Wild Swan (Dec 6); J Attfield, to Vernon (Nov 30); J P Thomas, to Victor Emanuel, additional (Nov 30).

Chief Engineer—E Ellis, to Marathon, and J M Downer, to Cossacks (Dec 6).

Engineers—H Gaisford, to Wild Swan (Nov 20); H T Liversedge, to seahorse Dec 6.

Assistant Engineers—P T Smith probationary and R Spence, to vivid, Supernumerary Dec 3

Deputy Inspector-General of Fleets—H D Stainstreet, to Department of Medical Director General, Jan 1, 1895.

Surgeons—H B Marriott, to Wild Swan Dec 6; J C Ferguson, to Duke of Wellington Dec 23; O S Fisher, to Pioneer Dec 5.

Fleet Surgeons—T H L Bowling, to Australia, additional, N D E Roberts, to R N Barracks, Devonport Jan 1.

Staff Paymaster—Richard P Hawkshaw, to Rupert Jan 1.

Paymasters—J Riches, to Gibraltar Nov 20; M G F B Fenwick, to Tartar Dec 5; H B Robinson, to the Secretary to Real-Admiral Drummond Jan 15.

Gunners—J C Edwards, to Blanche; J F Brooking to Bonaventure; W G Richards, to Thetis, J Anderson, to Abyssinia Nov 26; E Turner, to Defiance T; M H Roach, to Medusa T, Nov 27.

Boatswains—T E Danniels, to Narcissus Nov 26; W T White, to Ant, C H Rowe, to Nelson; A Collins, to Dreadnought; W H Eades, to Mersey Nov 30.

Carpenter—T G Guest, to Cyclops Nov 29.

COASTGUARD.

Chief Officers—H Curnow, to Australia, for Little, haupton; T Masters, to Melampus, for Carlingford; R Spilman, to Melampus, for Greencastle; Dec 6.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Admiralty, Nov 27—Assist-Paymr J Riches has been promoted to the rank of Paymaster in Her Majesty's Fleet. The following clerks have been promoted to the rank of Assistant-Paymaster in Her Majesty's Fleet:—R F Wardropper, G A E Wallys.

Nov 29—Royal Marine Light Infantry.—Major and Brevet Lieut Col A D Corbet, C B to be Lieutenant Colonel, under the provisions of paragraph 0 of Her Majesty's order in Council of Jan 15, 1878, to recognition of the meritorious serives rendered by him in the operations against Fodi Silah on the Gambia, between Feb 21 and march 11 last.

Dec 1.—The following Staff Paymasters have been advanced to the rank of Fleet Paymaster in Her Majesty's Fleet:—B Rogers, W H Rae Gunner J Richardson had been promoted to the rank of Chief Gunner in Her Majesty's Fleet.

Dec. 3.—The following Staff Engineers have been advanced to the rank of Fleet Engineer in Her Majesty's Fleet:—C W Throne, J H Gilbert, W T Allen, R Harris, W H C Gale, W H Skinner.

I. M. RAILWAY.

(Week ending 15th Dec. 1894.)

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HUDSON'S SOAP is a protector. Everything washed with it is purified and sweetened. It destroys all germs of disease and purifies. Dirt, and removes accumulations of grease. The Healthiest, Sweetest Happiest Homes are those where HUDSON'S SOAP is in daily use.
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Lawns, Laces, Linen, Shirts, Collars, Sheets, Table-cloths, Towels, etc., keep a good colour if regularly washed with HUDSON'S SOAP. Hudson's Leaves no Smell. Excellent for washing Flannels and Woollen Underclothing.
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HUDSON'S SOAP removes Grease from Stove Tops, Cooking Ranges, Kitcheners, Hot Plates, etc. Copper and Enamelled Pans are not likely to burn if scoured with HUDSON'S SOAP.
NURSERY.
The Nursery Floor should be regularly scoured with HUDSON'S SOAP. It will dry quickly and the room will be sweetened and purified. Also Baths, Feeding Bottles and all Nursery Utensils.
SPARKLING GLASS.
Bright China. HUDSON'S SOAP saves the drudgery of "Washing-up." Removes Grease from Glass, China, Dinner-ware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc., with less liability to breakage. Leaves no Smell.
SCOURING.
Ease, Speed, Pleasure and Economy with HUDSON'S SOAP, very little Scrubbing and no Drudgery. Stone Steps, Balconies and Window-sills will always look nice if washed down with HUDSON'S SOAP.
HUDSON'S removes all obstinate Dirt. Greasy marks and stains disappear like magic.
The Order of the Day in every well-governed Home
USE HUDSON'S SOAP
A Pure Dry Soap, in Fine Powder, in 1-lb., ½-lb., and ¼-lb. Packets.
LATHERS FREELY, SOFTENS WATER.
Reward! HUDSON'S SOAP is a Money Saver, a Time Saver, a Work Saver, a Linen saver, a Glass and China Saver. All who use it Daily are rewarded with Purity, Health and Satisfaction.

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Is the best preserver and beautifier of the hair of children and adults; prevents it falling off or turning grey, eradicates scurf, and is the best brilliantine, and as a little goes a very long way it really is most economical for general use; is also sold in a golden colour for fair-haired ladies and children; it contains no lead or mineral ingredients, and as it has a most delightful perfume, it is the most luxurious dressing for the hair. Bottles, 3s. 6d., 7s., 10s. 6d.

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A soothing, healing and emollient milk for the face and hands, and is most cooling and refreshing to the skin in hot climates; it removes freckles, tan, sunburn, roughness and redness of the skin, pimples, cutaneous eruptions, &c., soothes and heals prickly heat, stings of insects, eczoma, burns, and all cutaneous irritation more effectually than any other preparation, and produces soft, fair skin, and a lovely delicate complexion; it is warranted harmless and free from any lead or poisonous ingredients.

Bottles, 2s. 3d. and 4s. 6d.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO
is a pure, fragrant, non-gritty tooth powder, and warranted free from acids or other ingredients which destroy the enamel; it whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Sold by Druggists and Chemists.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for Rowland's Macassar Oil, Kalydor and Odonto, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, and see that each article bears their signature in red ink; all others are worthless and poisonous imitations; 100 years prove that ROWLAND'S are the best and only genuine.

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TESTIMONIAL FROM
Sir Samuel Baker,
THE FAMOUS NILE EXPLORER.

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GOUT & RHEUMATIC PILLS.

"NEWTON ABBOT, DEVON,
"DEAR SIRS, "*1st October, 1892.*
"I have delayed my thanks as I wished to test the effects of Blair's Pills by a sufficient interval of time.
"For ten years I had suffered acutely from Gout, and life had lost its attraction, owing to the uncertainty of health, and the sudden visitations of the enemy, which prostrated me for months or weeks, according to the virulence of the attacks.
"Blair's Pills have rendered me immune service, as I no longer fear an attack of Gout.
"If taken exactly according to your directions upon the first insidious symptom, without any delay the enemy is invariably conquered before it has obtained sufficient hold of the system to become formidable.
"For the last twenty months I have been comparatively free, as only two attempted visitations have been immediately stamped out by the assistance of Blair's Pills. "Truly yours,
"(*Signed*) SAML. W. BAKER."
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FOR BOOTS SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

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Do. best quality, plain, navy or black .....Rs. 13 to 15

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For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
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Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
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FOR SPRAINS, RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, BRUISES, CHEST COLDS.
IT WILL HAVE IT. IT WILL HAVE NONE.
Prepared only BY ELLIMAN SONS & Co. SLOUGH ENGLAND

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HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN
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WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA — Has maintained its reputation for over Sixty Years as the most reliable remedy for Tropical Disorders.

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INDISPENSABLE TO THOSE WHO VALUE HEALTH.

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CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered wit; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

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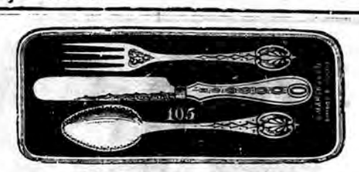

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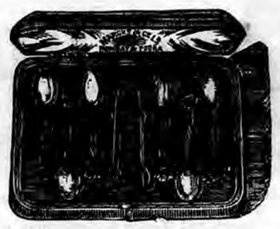

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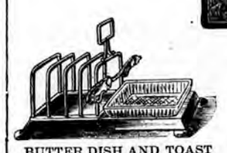

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This is a Milk-Wheat Food, absolutely free from Starch, which has been converted into digestible and nourishing food—Dextrine and Maltose. The Milk is partly peptonized or pre-digested, and Carnrick's Soluble Food is a complete Food that is prepared for use with water only, and furnishes the appropriate nourishment for the bulking up and sustenance of the infant organism.

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THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in* CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

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"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

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"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating now, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

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"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and curative properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with Dr. DE JONGH'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

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Appreciated for its delicate perfume and the feeling of comfort and freshness which it imparts to the skin

KANANGA EXTRACT

A DELICIOUS EXOTIC PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

At once original, grateful and persistently fragrant.

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GRIMAULT'S SYRUP

OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME

Prescribed in France for the last 30 years for the cure of BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION of the LUNGS, OBSTINATE COUGHS, COLDS and CATARRH.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP arrests the COUGH, Spitting of Blood and NIGHTSWEATS and the APPETITE improves rapidly. — a fact soon demonstrated by an increase in weight and healthy appearance.

Grimault's Syrup has a rose colour, and is sold in flat oval bottles.

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ROBUST CHILDHOOD VIGOROUS MUSCULAR MANHOOD

DUSART'S SYRUP OF *Lactophosphate of Lime*

NATURE'S TONIC RESTORATIVE for Rickety, Scrofulous Children, sufferers from general and Nervous Debility, Poor Blood, Pale Complexions, Flabby Muscles and Excesses.

DUSART'S Syrup (or the Wine) helps children teething, furnishes the bone-forming material during the growing period, developes contracted narrow chests, weak lungs, feeble constitutions and crooked legs.

DUSART'S Syrup prevents Diarrhœa of infants, increases flow of milk in nursing mothers and is recommended by the Profession to the pregnant and for all cases where the vital energies are being sapped by wasting diseases.

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SANTAL MIDY

Relieves the scalding pain at once and CURES all discharges from the genito-urinary organs in either sex in 48 HOURS

obtained from the best Mysore wood.

Santal-Midy is a specific for Cystitis

Unlike the sandal oil of the Bazars, it is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or Injections, and causes no inconveniences.

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MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL REGISTERED TRADE MARK

ON EVERY CAPSULE.

The only scientifically prepared Extract of the Fresh and Healthy Livers of the true Codfish, "Gadus Morrhua." Free from Hydroxyls, and consequently from "Aftertaste" and "Repeating," or any other possible objection.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Peter Möller's Cod Liver Oil is obtaining more favour with the Public and increased reputation amongst the Medical Profession, day by day.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
In the years 1851-1853, considerable attention was called to Cod Liver Oil; but its use was restricted in consequence of the crude method of its production; which gave a turbid, brownish, mealmy preparation, nauseous to the palate, and sometimes impossible of digestion.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Since then the introduction by Peter Möller of a new application of steam, conducted under his own personal supervision, has secured the utmost cleanliness in every detail of the manufacture, and the Public have been able to obtain a pure, sweet, reliable, and digestible Oil, when they insisted upon having Möller's—well, if they did not insist that was not Möller's fault.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
In forty years Möller made many improvements; All the so-called substitutes were carefully examined and analyzed, emulsions and mixtures, theurues and essences, the bases of which were everything nearly —except Cod Liver Oil; and in the majority of cases no more expensive article than water (Aqua Pura).

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
With these investigations it became more and more evident to Dr. Möller (who continued the researches of his father) that the "Active principle of Cod Liver Oil is the Oil itself," and not as some chemists have supposed in the "remaining five per cent." after the separation of the ninety-five per cent. of fat and fat-acids (so called).

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Impressed also with the fact that, excellent as his Oil was, there yet remained something to be accomplished, before perfection could be claimed: in fact no Oil had ever been made which presented the extremely delicate and pleasant flavour of the Oil as it is found in the *freshly boiled livers*, therefore.—

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
Important laboratory extensions were added, with every modern appliance for chemical investigation, and the exhaustive experiments of some ten years being prosecuted with renewed vigour, finally obtained reward in full measure. The practical outcome is an entirely new process, producing a totally different Cod Liver Oil, lighter in colour, more limpid, wholly free from the taste, the "after taste," and the odour of even the better kinds of Oil, and SUITED TO THE MOST DELICATE STOMACH.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL. (BY PATENTED PROCESS.)
This Oil is now in every good Chemist's shop, and although considerable outlay has been incurred in chemical research, and in obtaining patents, the prices have not been advanced. All bottles and tins bear the trade-mark and perforated date as formerly. In case of difficulty or dissatisfaction write to Peter Möller, 43, Snow Hill, London, E.C.

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